

UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM S-1
REGISTRATION STATEMENT UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT OF 1933

PRIVATE SECRETARY, INC.
(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

NEVADA
(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

3661
(Primary Standard Industrial Classification Code Number)

26-3062661
(I.R.S. Employer Identification Number)

112 North Curry Street, Carson City, Nevada 89703
(775) 284-3709
(Address, including zip code, and telephone number,
including area code, of registrant's principal executive offices)

STATE AGENT AND TRANSFER SYNDICATE, INC.
112 North Curry Street, Carson City, Nevada 89703
(775) 882-1013
(Name, address, including zip code, and telephone number,
including area code, of agent for service)

As soon as practicable after the effective date of this registration statement
(Approximate date of commencement of proposed sale to the public)

If any of the securities being registered on this Form are to be offered on a delayed or continuous basis pursuant to Rule 415 under the Securities Act of 1933 check the following box:

If this Form is filed to register additional securities for an offering pursuant to Rule 462(b) under the Securities Act, please check the following box and list the Securities Act registration statement number of the earlier effective registration statement for the same offering.

If this Form is a post-effective amendment filed pursuant to Rule 462(c) under the Securities Act, check the following box and list the Securities Act registration statement number of the earlier effective registration statement for the same offering.

If this Form is a post-effective amendment filed pursuant to Rule 462(d) under the Securities Act, check the following box and list the Securities Act registration statement number of the earlier effective registration statement for the same offering.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting Company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting Company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one)

Large accelerated filer []

Accelerated filer []

Non-accelerated filer []

Smaller reporting Company [X]

(Do not check if a smaller reporting Company)

Calculation of Registration Fee

Title of Each Class of Securities to be Registered	Amount to be Registered	Proposed Maximum Offering Price Per Unit¹	Proposed Maximum Aggregate Offering Price	Amount of Registration Fee²
Common Stock by Company	4,000,000	\$0.02	\$80,000	\$3.14

(1) The offering price has been arbitrarily determined by the Company and bears no relationship to assets, earnings, or any other valuation criteria. No assurance can be given that the shares offered hereby will have a market value or that they may be sold at this, or at any price.

(2) Estimated solely for the purpose of calculating the registration fee based on Rule 457 (o).

The Registrant hereby amends this Registration Statement on such date as may be necessary to delay its effective date until the Registrant shall file a further amendment which specifically states that the Registration Statement shall thereafter become effective in accordance with Section 8(a) of the Securities Act of 1933 or until the Registration Statement shall become effective on such date as the Commission acting pursuant to said Section 8(a) may determine.

PRIVATE SECRETARY, INC.

4,000,000 SHARES OF COMMON STOCK

Prior to this registration, there has been no public trading market for the common stock of PRIVATE SECRETARY, INC. ("Private Secretary") and it is not presently traded on any market or securities exchange. 4,000,000 shares of common stock are being offered for sale by the Company to the public.

The price per share will be \$0.02. Private Secretary will be selling all the shares and will receive all proceeds from the sale. The Company may not sell these securities until the registration statement filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission is effective.

Investing in our securities involves a high degree of risk. See "Risk Factors" beginning on page 8 of this prospectus for a discussion of information that should be considered in connection with an investment in our securities.

Neither the Securities and Exchange Commission nor any state securities commission has approved or disapproved of these securities or passed upon the adequacy or accuracy of the prospectus. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.

This offering is self-underwritten. No underwriter or person has been engaged to facilitate the sale of shares of common stock in this offering. There are no underwriting commissions involved in this offering.

The Company is not required to sell any specific number or dollar amount of securities but will use its best efforts to sell the securities offered.

The date of this prospectus is December 22, 2008.

The information in this prospectus is not complete and may be changed. We may not sell these securities until the registration statement filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission is effective.

This prospectus is not an offer to sell these securities and is not soliciting an offer to buy these securities in any state where the offer or sale is not permitted.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page No.
<u>Part I</u>	
Summary Information	6
Risk Factors	8
Use of Proceeds	14
Determination of Offering Price	15
Dilution	15
Plan of Distribution	17
Description of Securities to be Registered	17
Interests of Named Experts and Counsel	18
Description of Business	19
Legal Proceedings	25
Financial Statements	25
Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and results of Operations	37
Changes in and Disagreements With Accountants on Accounting and Financial Disclosure	39
Directors and Executive Officers	39
Executive Compensation	41
Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management	43
Certain Relationships and Related transactions	44
Disclosure of Commission Position on Indemnification for Securities Act Liabilities	45
<u>Part II</u>	
Other Expenses of Issuance and Distribution	45
Indemnification of Directors and Officers	46
Recent Sales of Unregistered Securities	46
Exhibits and Financial Statement Schedules	46
Undertakings	47
Signatures	49

DEALER PROSPECTUS DELIVERY OBLIGATION

Until _____, (90 days after the effective date of this prospectus) all dealers that effect transactions in these securities, whether or not participating in this offering, may be required to deliver a prospectus. This is in addition to the dealers' obligation to deliver a prospectus when acting as underwriters and with respect to their unsold allotments or subscriptions.

SUMMARY INFORMATION

This summary provides an overview of selected information contained elsewhere in this prospectus. It does not contain all the information you should consider before making a decision to purchase the shares we are offering. You should very carefully and thoroughly read the more detailed information in this prospectus and review our financial statements contained herein.

Summary Information about PRIVATE SECRETARY, INC.

PRIVATE SECRETARY, INC. ("Private Secretary, "we", "the Company") was incorporated in the State of Nevada as a for-profit Company on July 22nd, 2008 and established a fiscal year end of September 30. We are a development-stage Company that plans to enter into the software market with a program that will allow for automatic call processing through VoIP technology. With its many benefits and advantages, the use of Voice over IP systems is becoming increasingly popular. The Company's software will allow the user to monitor and deal with incoming calls, outgoing calls, and manage messages more efficiently. The software will also reduce costs and the need for additional personnel.

The Company will compete with other similar software on the market today, but aims to be more user friendly through its user programmable features and adaptability to any business large or small.

Our business office is located at 112 North Curry Street, Carson City, Nevada, 89703, our telephone number is (775) 284-3709 and our fax number is (775) 313-9871. Our United States and registered statutory office is located at 112 North Curry Street, Carson City, Nevada, 89703, telephone number (775) 882-1013.

As of September 30, 2008, the end of the most recent fiscal year end, Private Secretary had raised \$10,000 through the sale of its common stock. There is no cash on hand in the corporate bank account. The Company currently has no liabilities, represented by expenses accrued during its start-up. In addition, the Company anticipates incurring costs associated with this offering totaling approximately \$7,000. As of the date of this prospectus, we have generated no revenues from our business operations. The following financial information summarizes the more complete historical financial information as indicated on the audited financial statements of the Company filed with this prospectus.

Summary of the Offering by the Company

Private Secretary has 10,000,000 shares of common stock issued and outstanding and is registering additional 4,000,000 shares of common stock for offering to the public. The Company may endeavor to sell all 4,000,000 shares of common stock after this registration becomes effective. The price at which the Company offers these shares is fixed at \$0.02 per share for the duration of the offering. There is no arrangement to address the possible effect of the offering on the price of the stock. Private Secretary will receive all proceeds from the sale of the common stock.

Securities being offered by the Company, common stock, par value \$0.001	4,000,000 shares of common stock are offered by the Company.
Offering price per share by the Company.	A price, if and when the Company sells the shares of common stock, is set at \$0.02.
Number of shares outstanding before the offering of common shares.	10,000,000 common shares are currently issued and outstanding.
Number of shares outstanding after the offering of common shares.	14,000,000 common shares will be issued and outstanding after this offering is completed.
Minimum number of shares to be sold in this offering	None.

Market for the common shares	<p>There is no public market for the common shares. The price per share is \$0.02.</p> <p>Private Secretary may not be able to meet the requirement for a public listing or quotation of its common stock. Further, even if Private Secretary's common stock is quoted or granted listing, a market for the common shares may not develop.</p>
Use of proceeds	<p>Private Secretary will receive all proceeds from the sale of the common stock. If all 4,000,000 common shares being offered are sold, the total gross proceeds to the Company would be \$80,000. The Company intends to use the proceeds from this offering (i) to begin recruiting software developers and program writers, estimated at \$20,000 (ii) develop a website to facilitate contact and to begin advertising, estimated at \$4,000, (iii) to prepare necessary legal contracts, estimated at \$4,700, (iv) to begin distribution both through online sales and through retailers and resellers, estimated at \$10,000 and (v) to enhance marketing and set up a call centre for tech support, estimated at \$27,000 (vi) and administrative expenses estimated to cost \$7,300. The expenses of this offering, including the preparation of this prospectus and the filing of this registration statement, estimated at \$7,000 are being paid for by Private Secretary.</p>
Termination of the offering	<p>The offering will conclude when all 4,000,000 shares of common stock have been sold, or 90 days after this registration statement becomes effective with the Securities and Exchange Commission. Private Secretary may at its discretion extend the offering for an additional 90 days.</p>
Terms of the offering	<p>The Company's president and sole director will sell the common stock upon effectiveness of this registration statement.</p>

You should rely only upon the information contained in this prospectus. Private Secretary has not authorized anyone to provide you with information different from that which is contained in this prospectus. The Company is offering to sell shares of common stock and seeking offers only in jurisdictions where offers and sales are permitted. The information contained in here is accurate only as of the date of this prospectus, regardless of the time of delivery of this prospectus or of any sale of the common stock.

Summary of Financial Information

The following summary financial information for the periods stated summarizes certain information from our financial statements included elsewhere in this prospectus. You should read this information in conjunction with Management's Plan of Operations, the financial statements and the related notes thereto included elsewhere in this prospectus.

Balance Sheet	As of QUADATE
Total Assets	----
Total Liabilities	----
Stockholder's Equity	----
Operating Data	July 22nd, 2008 through QUADATE
Revenue	none
Net Loss	none
Net Loss Per Share	none

As shown in the financial statements accompanying this prospectus, Private Secretary has had no revenues to date and has incurred only losses since its inception. The Company has had no operations and has been issued a "going concern" opinion from their accountants, based upon the Company's reliance upon the sale of our common stock as the sole source of funds for our future operations.

RISK FACTORS

Please consider the following risk factors and other information in this prospectus relating to our business and prospects before deciding to invest in our common stock.

This offering and any investment in our common stock involves a high degree of risk. You should carefully consider the risks described below and all of the information contained in this prospectus before deciding whether to purchase our common stock. If any of the following risks actually occur, our business, financial condition and results of operations could be harmed. The trading price of our common stock could decline due to any of these risks, and you may lose all or part of your investment.

The Company considers the following to be the most significant material risks to an investor regarding this offering. Private Secretary should be viewed as a high-risk investment and speculative in nature. An investment in our common stock may result in a complete loss of the invested amount. Please consider the following risk factors before deciding to invest in our common stock.

Risks Related To Our Financial Condition

THERE IS SUBSTANTIAL DOUBT ABOUT PRIVATE SECRETARY'S ABILITY TO CONTINUE AS A GOING CONCERN.

Our auditor's report on our financial statements expresses an opinion that substantial doubt exists as to whether we can continue as an ongoing business. Since our officers may be unwilling or unable to loan or advance additional capital to Private Secretary, we believe that if we do not raise additional capital within 12 months of the effective date of this registration statement, we may be required to suspend or cease the implementation of our business plans. You may be investing in a Company that will not have the funds necessary to continue to deploy its business strategies. See "Audited Financial Statements - Auditors Report."

As the Company has been issued an opinion by its auditors that substantial doubt exists as to whether the Company can continue as a going concern, it may be more difficult for the Company to attract investors.

WE ARE A DEVELOPMENT STAGE ENTITY. THE COMPANY ANTICIPATES OPERATING EXPENSES WILL INCREASE PRIOR TO EARNING REVENUE, AND WE MAY NEVER ACHIEVE PROFITABILITY.

The Company anticipates increases in its operating expenses, without realizing any revenues from its products. Within the next 12 months, these increases in expenses will be attributed to the cost of (i) administration and start-up costs, (ii) contracting program writers and software developers, (iii) advertising and website development, (iv) legal and accounting fees at various stages of operation, (v) implementing companies to test the software, (vi) printing, sales and setting up various distribution channels.

In funding the design and implementation of the software, the Company will incur significant financial losses in the foreseeable future. There is no history upon which to base any assumption as to the likelihood that the Company will prove successful. We cannot provide investors with any assurance that our software will attract businesses and investors. Samples will need to be created and program writers will need to be hired before the software can generate any operating revenue or ever achieve profitable operations. If we are unable to address these risks, there is a high probability that our business will fail, which will result in the loss of your entire investment.

FAILURE TO RAISE ADDITIONAL CAPITAL TO FUND FUTURE OPERATIONS COULD HARM OUR BUSINESS AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS.

Our current operating funds are not adequate for corporate existence over the next twelve months. Private Secretary, Inc.'s cash balance as of September 30, 2008 is \$10,000. Private Secretary, Inc. will require additional financing in order to maintain its corporate existence and to implement its business plans and strategy.

We require significant capital over the next twelve months, to solicit software developers and begin development of our product and advertising purposes. We will also require a significant amount of capital to distribute the software and ensure that it is functioning properly with zero chance of viruses or failure. If we are not successful in earning revenues once we have established our initial product offering and commenced business operations, we may require additional financing to sustain business operations. Currently, we do not have any arrangements for financing and can provide no assurance to investors that we will be able to obtain financing when required. No assurance can be given that the Company will obtain access to capital markets in the future or that financing, adequate to satisfy the cash requirements of implementing our business strategies, will be available on acceptable terms. The inability of the Company to gain access to capital markets or obtain acceptable financing could have an adverse effect upon the results of its operations and upon its financial conditions.

Risks Related To This Offering

SECURITIES MARKET FACTORS.

There is currently no traded public market for the Company's common stock. There are no assurances that any public market will be established or maintained for the Company's stock. As a result, the offering price and other terms and conditions relative to the Company's shares have been arbitrarily determined by the Company and do not bear any relationship to assets, earnings, book value or any other objective criteria of value. Additionally, as the Company was formed recently and has only a limited operating history and no earnings, the price of the offered shares is not based on its past earnings and no investment banker, appraiser or other independent third party has been consulted concerning the offering price for the shares or the fairness of the offering price used for the shares

INVESTING IN THE COMPANY IS A HIGHLY SPECULATIVE INVESTMENT AND COULD RESULT IN THE LOSS OF YOUR ENTIRE INVESTMENT.

A purchase of the offered shares is significantly speculative and involves significant risks. The offered shares should not be purchased by any person who cannot afford the loss of his or her entire purchase price. The business objectives of the Company are also speculative, and we may be unable to satisfy those objectives. The shareholders of the Company may be unable to realize a substantial return on their purchase of the offered shares, or any return whatsoever, and may lose their entire investment in the Company. For this reason, each prospective purchaser of the offered shares should read this prospectus and all of its exhibits carefully and consult with their attorney, business advisor and/or investment advisor.

SINCE WE ARE A DEVELOPMENT STAGE COMPANY, WE DO NOT ANTICIPATE PAYING DIVIDENDS IN THE FORESEEABLE FUTURE.

We do not anticipate paying dividends on our common stock in the foreseeable future, but plan rather to retain earnings, if any, for the operation, growth and expansion of our business.

IN THE EVENT THAT THE COMPANY'S SHARES ARE TRADED, THEY MAY TRADE UNDER \$5.00 PER SHARE AND THUS WILL BE A PENNY STOCK. TRADING IN PENNY STOCKS HAS MANY RESTRICTIONS AND THESE RESTRICTIONS COULD SEVERLY AFFECT THE PRICE AND LIQUIDITY OF THE COMPANY'S SHARES.

In the event that our shares are traded, and our stock trades below \$5.00 per share, our stock would be known as a "penny stock", which is subject to various regulations involving disclosures to be given to you prior to the purchase of any penny stock. The U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") has adopted regulations which generally define a "penny stock" to be any equity security that has a market price of less than \$5.00 per share, subject to certain exceptions. Depending on market fluctuations, our common stock could be considered to be a "penny stock". A penny stock is subject to rules that impose additional sales practice requirements on broker/dealers who sell these securities to persons other than established customers and accredited investors. For transactions covered by these rules, the broker/dealer must make a special suitability determination for the purchase of these securities. In addition, he must receive the purchaser's written consent to the transaction prior to the purchase. He must also provide certain written disclosures to the purchaser. Consequently, the "penny stock" rules may restrict the ability of broker/dealers to sell our securities, and may negatively affect the ability of holders of shares of our common stock to resell them. These disclosures require you to acknowledge that you understand the risks associated with buying penny stocks and that you can absorb the loss of your entire investment. Penny stocks are low priced securities that do not have a very high trading volume. Consequently, the price of the stock is often volatile and you may not be able to buy or sell the stock when you want to.

SINCE OUR COMPANY'S DIRECTORS CURRENTLY OWN 100% OF THE OUTSTANDING COMMON STOCK, INVESTORS MAY FIND THAT HIS DECISIONS ARE CONTRARY TO THEIR INTERESTS.

The Company's directors own 100% of the outstanding shares and will own over 71% after this offering is completed. As a result, they may be able to choose all of our directors and control the direction of the Company. The Company's directors' interests may differ from the interests of other stockholders. Factors that could cause their interests to differ from the interests of other stockholders include the impact of corporate transactions on the timing of business operations and his ability to continue to manage the business given the amount of time they are able to devote to the Company.

Exclusively its directors will make all decisions regarding the management of the Company's affairs. Purchasers of the offered shares may not participate in the management of the Company and, therefore, are dependent upon the management abilities of the Company's directors. The only assurance that the shareholders of the Company, including purchasers of the offered shares, have that the Company's directors will not abuse their discretion in executing the Company's business affairs is their fiduciary obligation and business integrity. Such discretionary powers include, but are not limited to, decisions regarding all aspects of business operations, corporate transactions and financing. Accordingly, no person should purchase the offered shares unless that person is willing to entrust all aspects of management to the Company's directors, or their successors. Potential purchasers of the offered shares must carefully evaluate the personal experience and business performance of the Company's management.

AS WE DO NOT HAVE AN ESCROW OR TRUST ACCOUNT FOR INVESTORS' SUBSCRIPTIONS, IF WE FILE FOR BANKRUPTCY PROTECTION OR ARE FORCED INTO BANKRUPTCY PROTECTION, INVESTORS WILL LOSE THEIR ENTIRE INVESTMENT.

Invested funds for this offering will not be placed in an escrow or trust account. Accordingly, if we file for bankruptcy protection, or a petition for involuntary bankruptcy is filed by creditors against us, your funds will become part of the bankruptcy estate and administered according to the bankruptcy laws. As such, you will lose your investment and your funds will be used to pay creditors.

Risks Related to Investing in Our Company

WE MAY NOT BE ABLE TO FIND SUITABLE SOFTWARE WRITERS AT AN ACCEPTABLE COST.

Private Secretary will contract program writers and software developers to create the calling software that goes to market. Due to the current demand for skilled technological developers, we run the risk of not being able to find suitable personnel and an acceptable price. We would also need to ensure that the candidates are adequately qualified to create a software program that is user friendly, free of errors and seamless in design. Without these programmers, we have no way of getting the software written, which is the most important aspect of our business development.

WE MAY NOT BE ABLE TO MARKET OUR SOFTWARE SUCCESSFULLY.

The software industry is extremely competitive. There are currently several others developers on the market who offer a similar service to that being offered by Private Secretary. A clear marketing plan will have to be put into effect in order to establish a firm client base and to get our product known in the marketplace. If we fail to develop an efficient marketing plan, and if we are unable to market our product successfully to the consumer, we will be unable to sustain business operations.

WE WILL NEED TO RETAIN A HIGH PERCENTAGE OF CUSTOMERS IN ORDER TO ACHIEVE PROFITABILITY.

Through computer generating messaging and call distribution, the need for additional personnel and secretarial services are often eliminated. Though this may be a huge cost benefit to the software user, some consumers may find their customers are not accepting of the fact that there is no longer any “human to human” contact. This lack of personalized service may result in a Company discontinuing its services with Private Secretary – or it may result in a lost purchase after a short trial period by the consumer. Negative feedback about our product and loss of consumer support will negatively affect our production and revenues.

THE LOSS OF KEY PERSONNEL IN THE HELP CENTRE, OR VIOLATION OF THE CONTRACT WITH THE CALL CENTRE COULD ADVERSELY AFFECT THE ABILITY OF THE COMPANY TO CONTINUE OPERATIONS.

Private Secretary is heavily promoting customer support and 24 hour technical assistance as its driving feature and competitive advantage. The Company will set expectations and guidelines for the call centre to follow in order to meet the requirements of the Company and its customers. Any violation of these requirements, or contract obligations, will result in a compromised service to the customer and may result in the loss of that customer and subsequent revenue. The Company will also be affected by any personnel issues within the call centre, which could result in reduced service available to the customer. An increase in customer complaints and dissatisfaction could result in a loss of trust and reliability with our product and we could be forced to discontinue operations.

THE CHANGING INDUSTRY REQUIRES EXPANSION, PARTICULARLY CONSUMER ACCEPTANCE OF NEW PRICE PLANS AND BUNDLED OFFERINGS.

This industry is constantly changing as more technological upgrades become available. Updates will need to be sold to keep the software current. These would ultimately result in better service to the customer, but the upgrades would come at an additional cost, and some customers may not renew. The renewals will be essential for the further development of our product and our ability to keep up with the trends of the industry. Without a strong customer base buying the upgrades, we may not be able to earn the capital required to continue operations.

OUR COMPETITION, INCLUDING THE INTRODUCTION OF NEW PRODUCTS OR SERVICES BY OUR COMPETITORS, COULD HAVE AN EFFECT ON OUR SUSTAINABILITY.

We are unable to control the timing of announcements or introductions of new or enhanced services by our competitors. As this industry is constantly changing, Private Secretary would have to follow the trends of our

competitors in order to stay current in the marketplace. Depending on the timing of the changes, we may not have the capital available to make the improvements, and may lose a customer base due to our lack of offerings. The loss of too many customers will result in a loss of revenues and could ultimately lead to the end of operations.

IF WE DO NOT GENERATE ENOUGH SALES, THEN WE MAY FAIL TO ACHIEVE PROFITABILITY. CONSEQUENTLY, INVESTORS COULD LOSE THEIR ENTIRE INVESTMENT.

We have not yet begun the initial stages of procuring our software programs. Therefore, we lack the means to evaluate whether we will be able to meet our sales objectives. Based upon current plans, we expect to incur operating losses in future periods due to the expenses associated with procuring our software systems. As detailed in the above risk factors, we will incur these losses before the Company can enter the security software sales business.

As of the date of this prospectus, we have not earned any revenue. Failure to generate revenue will cause us to go out of business and will result in the complete loss of your investment.

Risks Related to Investing in Our Industry

EXISTING AND FUTURE LAWS OR REGULATIONS CAN AFFECT OUR BUSINESS AND WE MAY NOT HAVE THE ABILITY TO COMPLY WITH THESE LAWS OR REGULATIONS.

As with any new technology, changes to laws and regulations are often times unpredictable and out of anyone's control. In the case of VoIP technology, there is currently no set regulation, and whether or not VoIP technology should be held to the same standards and regulation as the traditional phone industry is still a matter of debate. As the industry grows, governments may begin to enforce stricter regulations – which could ultimately vary from state to state and country to country. Our Company could be affected by these new regulations to the point of possibly having to reformat all of the software to ensure it is compliant. Without an established business and set capital, we could lose operations as a result.

TECHNOLOGICAL INNOVATIONS CHANGE VERY QUICKLY.

This industry is still very new and constantly changing. New innovations may result in the product becoming obsolete very quickly. Software writers would be needed to be on contract at all times to ensure that the product is kept up to date with the latest trends in the industry, and in the technology. This could be very costly and if software rewrites are required more often than initially anticipated, we may not have the finances available to continue operations.

THE ACCEPTANCE AND USE OF VoIP TECHNOLOGY BY BUSINESSES.

With any new innovation, people may be slow to accept the change from traditional calling methods. Many businesses may not subscribe to internet protocol system yet as it is not as easy as simply changing phone providers. Successful VoIP rollouts require careful planning, proper design and—in most cases—changes to the networking infrastructure to adequately support latency-sensitive voice traffic. Setting up a reliable network is the most critical step, but up to date equipment such as modems and switches, server room development to ensure that the system is well protected is also essential. There are still many companies that have yet to make this switch, and to cost and time requirements may still be a long way off from using VoIP as there many communication device. Our product can not be sold unless the Company has already set up their VoIP network. If there aren't enough customers to buy our product, we will not reach our anticipated sales.

THE INDUSTRY IS SUBJECT TO LONG DISTANCE RATE CHANGES AS WELL AS OTHER COST VARIANCES.

Certain rate changes within the industry are completely out of our control and are subject to changes in regulation. Private Secretary may have to change the cost of the software to reflect certain market trends, or our software may no longer become an affordable option for businesses if other costs in the industry are rising.

AS THE COMPANY'S PRODUCTS ARE INTENDED FOR THE NETWORK VoIP INDUSTRY, A DOWNTURN IN THIS INDUSTRY WOULD REDUCE THE DEMAND FOR OUR SERVICES AND PRODUCTS AND COULD MAKE OUR BUSINESS UNPROFITABLE.

The Company's product and services are marketed to existing users of the VoIP network system. An economic downturn in this industry would significantly affect the Company's business and its ability to achieve productivity.

TECHNICAL DIFFICULTIES OR NETWORK INTERRUPTIONS ON THE INTERNET THAT OUR BEYOND OUR CONTROL.

Private Secretary is a software program that will run on an existing VoIP network with the customer has already set up as a part of their business operations. In order for the software to be successful, it needs to be running on a reliable network. Network providers often experience downtime, and if the network is not working properly neither will the software provided by our Company.

USE OF PROCEEDS

Our offering is being made on a self-underwritten basis: no minimum number of shares must be sold in order for the offering to proceed. The offering price per share is \$0.02. The following table sets forth the uses of proceeds assuming the sale of 25%, 50%, 75% and 100%, respectively, of the securities offered for sale by the Company.

	If 25% of Shares Sold \$20,000	If 50% of Shares Sold \$40,000	If 75% of Shares Sold \$60,000	If 100% of Shares Sold \$80,000
Gross proceeds				
Legal & Accounting	5,500	5,500	5,500	5,500
Printing	300	300	300	300
Transfer Agent	1,200	1,200	1,200	1,200
Total	\$7,000	\$7,000	\$7,000	\$7,000

Less WEBSITE, SALES, MARKETING & ADVERTISING				
Software Development and Testing	3,000	9,500	14,000	20,000
Website / Hosting	900	1,800	3,100	4,000
Prepare Legal Contracts	700	2,500	3,200	4,700
Distribution through on line sales, retailers and resellers	2,000	4,500	7,000	10,000
Marketing and Advertising (including call center)	5,000	11,000	20,000	27,000
Total	\$11,600	\$29,300	\$47,300	\$65,700
Less ADMINISTRATION EXPENDITURES				
Office supplies, stationery	1,400	2,500	4,150	5,500
Office temp	0	1,200	1,550	1,800
Total	\$1,400	\$3,700	\$5,700	\$7,300
TOTALS	\$20,000	\$40,000	\$60,000	\$80,000

The above figures represent only estimated costs.

DETERMINATION OF OFFERING PRICE

As there is no established public market for our shares, the offering price and other terms and conditions relative to our shares have been arbitrarily determined by Private Secretary and do not bear any relationship to assets, earnings, book value, or any other objective criteria of value. In addition, no investment banker, appraiser, or other independent third party has been consulted concerning the offering price for the shares or the fairness of the offering price used for the shares.

DILUTION

The price of the current offering is fixed at \$0.02 per share. This price is significantly greater than the price paid by the Company's sole officer and director for common equity since the Company's inception on July 22nd, 2008. The Company's sole officer and director paid \$0.001 per share, a difference of \$0.019 per share lower than the share price in this offering.

Dilution represents the difference between the offering price and the net tangible book value per share immediately after completion of this offering. Net tangible book value is the amount that results from subtracting total liabilities and intangible assets from total assets. Dilution arises mainly as a result of our arbitrary determination of the offering price of the shares being offered. Dilution of the value of the shares you purchase is also a result of the lower book value of the shares held by our existing stockholders. The following tables compare the differences of your investment in our shares with the investment of our existing stockholders.

Existing Stockholders if all of the Shares are Sold

Price per share	\$ 0.02
Net tangible book value per share before offering	\$ 0.000
Potential gain to existing shareholders	\$ 80,000
Net tangible book value per share after offering	\$ 0.0052
Increase to present stockholders in net tangible book value per share after offering	\$ 0.0052
Capital contributions	\$ 80,000
Number of shares outstanding before the offering	10,000,000
Number of shares after offering held by existing stockholders	10,000,000
Percentage of ownership after offering	71.4%

Purchasers of Shares in this Offering if all Shares Sold

Price per share	\$ 0.02
Dilution per share	\$ 0.015
Capital contributions	\$ 80,000
Percentage of capital contributions	88.9%
Number of shares after offering held by public investors	4,000,000
Percentage of ownership after offering	28.6%

Purchasers of Shares in this Offering if 75% of Shares Sold

Price per share	\$ 0.02
Dilution per share	\$ 0.016
Capital contributions	\$ 60,000
Percentage of capital contributions	85.7%
Number of shares after offering held by public investors	3,000,000
Percentage of ownership after offering	23.1%

Purchasers of Shares in this Offering if 50% of Shares Sold

Price per share	\$ 0.02
Dilution per share	\$ 0.017
Capital contributions	\$ 40,000
Percentage of capital contributions	80.0%
Number of shares after offering held by public investors	2,000,000
Percentage of ownership after offering	16.7%

Purchasers of Shares in this Offering if 25% of Shares Sold

Price per share	\$ 0.02
Dilution per share	\$ 0.019
Capital contributions	\$ 20,000
Percentage of capital contributions	66.7%
Number of shares after offering held by public investors	1,000,000
Percentage of ownership after offering	9.1%

PLAN OF DISTRIBUTION

10,000,000 common shares are issued and outstanding as of the date of this prospectus. The Company is registering an additional of 4,000,000 shares of its common stock for possible resale at the price of \$0.02 per share. There is no arrangement to address the possible effect of the offerings on the price of the stock.

Private Secretary will receive all proceeds from the sale of those shares. The price per share is fixed at \$0.02 until our shares are quoted on the OTC Bulletin Board and thereafter at prevailing market prices or privately negotiated prices. Prior to being quoted on the OTCBB, the Company may sell its shares in private transactions to other individuals. Although our common stock is not listed on a public exchange, we intend to seek a listing on the Over The Counter Bulletin Board (OTCBB). In order to be quoted on the Bulletin Board, a market maker must file an application on our behalf in order to make a market for our common stock. There can be no assurance that a market maker will agree file the necessary documents with FINRA, which operates the OTC Electronic Bulletin Board, nor can there be any assurance that such an application for quotation will be approved. However, sales by the Company must be made at the fixed price of \$0.02 until a market develops for the stock.

The Company's shares may be sold to purchasers from time to time directly by and subject to the discretion of the Company. Further, the Company will not offer its shares for sale through underwriters, dealers, agents or anyone who may receive compensation in the form of underwriting discounts, concessions or commissions from the Company and/or the purchasers of the shares for whom they may act as agents. The shares sold by the Company may be occasionally sold in one or more transactions, either at an offering price that is fixed or that may vary from transaction to transaction depending upon the time of sale. Such prices will be determined by the Company or by agreement between both parts.

In order to comply with the applicable securities laws of certain states, the securities will be offered or sold in those only if they have been registered or qualified for sale; an exemption from such registration or if qualification requirement is available and with which Private Secretary has complied.

In addition and without limiting the foregoing, the Company will be subject to applicable provisions, rules and regulations under the Exchange Act with regard to security transactions during the period of time when this Registration Statement is effective.

Private Secretary will pay all expenses incidental to the registration of the shares (including registration pursuant to the securities laws of certain states).

DESCRIPTION OF SECURITIES

Common Stock

Our authorized capital stock consists of 75,000,000 shares of common stock, par value \$0.001 per share. The holders of our common stock:

- * have equal ratable rights to dividends from funds legally available if and when declared by our Board of Directors;

- * are entitled to share ratably in all of our assets available for distribution to holders of common stock upon liquidation, dissolution or winding up of our affairs;
- * do not have preemptive, subscription or conversion rights and there are no redemption or sinking fund provisions or rights;
- * and are entitled to one non-cumulative vote per share on all matters on which stockholders may vote.

We refer you to the Bylaws of our Articles of Incorporation and the applicable statutes of the State of Nevada for a more complete description of the rights and liabilities of holders of our securities.

Non-cumulative Voting

Holders of shares of our common stock do not have cumulative voting rights, which means that the holders of more than 50% of the outstanding shares, voting for the election of directors, can elect all of the directors to be elected, if they so choose and, in that event, the holders of the remaining shares will not be able to elect any of our directors. After this offering is completed, present stockholders will own approximately 71.4% of our outstanding shares.

Cash Dividends

As of the date of this prospectus, we have not declared or paid any cash dividends to stockholders. The declaration of any future cash dividend will be at the discretion of our Board of Directors and will depend upon our earnings, if any, our capital requirements and financial position, our general economic conditions and other pertinent conditions. It is our present intention not to pay any cash dividends in the foreseeable future, but rather to reinvest earnings in our business operations.

Anti-Takeover Provisions

Currently, we have no Nevada shareholders and since this offering will not be made in the State of Nevada, no shares will be sold to its residents. Further, we do not do business in Nevada directly or through an affiliate corporation and we do not intend to do so. Accordingly, there are no anti-takeover provisions that have the affect of delaying or preventing a change in our control.

Stock Transfer Agent

We have not engaged the services of a transfer agent at this time. However, within the next twelve months we anticipate doing so. Until such a time a transfer agent is retained, Private Secretary will act as its own transfer agent.

INTERESTS OF NAMED EXPERTS AND COUNSEL

No expert or counsel named in this prospectus as having prepared or certified any part of this prospectus or having given an opinion upon the validity of the securities being registered or upon other legal matters in connection with the registration or offering of the common stock was employed on a contingency

basis, or had, or is to receive, in connection with the offering, a substantial interest, direct or indirect, in the registrant or any of its parents or subsidiaries. Nor was any such person connected with the registrant or any of its parents or subsidiaries as a promoter, managing or principal underwriter, voting trustee, director, officer, or employee.

The financial statements included in this prospectus and the registration statement have been audited by Moore & Associates, Chartered, 6490 West Desert Inn Road, Las Vegas, NV 89146 to the extent and for the periods set forth in their report appearing elsewhere herein and in the registration statement. The financial statements are included in reliance on such report given upon the authority of said firm as experts in auditing and accounting.

Law Offices of Thomas E. Puzzo, PLLC, 4216 NE 70TH Street, Seattle, Washington 98115, our independent legal counsel, has provided an opinion on the validity of our common stock.

DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS

Business Development

On July 22nd, 2008, Mrs. Cotton, president and sole director, incorporated the Company in the State of Nevada and established a fiscal year end of September 30. The objective of this corporation is to enter into the Voice over Internet Protocol (VoIP) industry.

Private Secretary, Inc. plans to enter into the software market with a program that will allow for automatic call processing through VoIP technology. Its unique software will help streamline the ingoing and outgoing call system of any business, large or small. The Company will target all businesses, regardless of size. The software can be utilized by any Company that currently uses a VoIP phone system, and who would like to streamline their business for more effective call management. The software will help eliminate the need for additional personnel, and can allow companies to monitor and distribute their calls more effectively.

Our business office is located at 112 North Curry Street, Carson City, Nevada, 89703; our telephone number is (775) 284-3709 and our fax number is (775) 313-9871. Our United States and registered statutory office is located at 112 North Curry Street, Carson City, Nevada, 89703, telephone number (775) 882-1013.

The Company has not yet implemented its business model and to date has generated no revenues.

Private Secretary has no plans to change its business activities or to combine with another business and is not aware of any circumstances or events that might cause this plan to change.

Market Opportunity

Growth Opportunities and Expansion

VoIP technology is becoming increasingly popular all over the world today. Studies show that since 2005, the number of users has been steadily increasing - just in the corporate arena alone, VoIP phone lines

are projected to grow from about 39 million to 532 million during the next four years. For Private Secretary, this means endless opportunities in software development and opportunity for expansions. The Company will use the information and feedback gathered from the success of its initially software to begin the design and implementation of other communication software that can be useful to businesses – including the possibility of incorporating online conferencing and virtual meetings.

The Company will also consider expanding into ultimately becoming a service provider of VoIP. This will allow Private Secretary to capitalize on all aspects of the surging VoIP popularity. Customers will be able to set up their service and purchase all software direct from Private Secretary adding convenience and ease to their transition for a regular phone line.

According to the article *Firms going VoIP*, dated 05/11/2008, “Nearly half of the IT organisations surveyed in a global study by BT are using VoIP, the telecoms giant has announced.

More than 250 IT professionals took part in the study, which discovered that 48 per cent have a VoIP network at their work, an increase of 31 per cent from 2007. A further 20 per cent are in the process of deploying the technology, with nearly three quarters (71 per cent) of these hopeful to have them working in two years.

In terms of criteria for choosing a specific solution, the most important were security, voice quality and network reliability.

‘Cost is a critical factor when building a VoIP business case, but other criteria must take higher precedence when evaluating various implementation strategies and solutions,’ the BT report said.

‘Make sure you understand what your top requirements are, be they network reliability, voice quality or security, before committing to a strategy.’

In terms of deployment, most are gradually replacing existing systems with VoIP.

The next most popular technique was to replace systems which were at the end of their lifespan with a new VoIP system.”

Source: www.bcs.org

Considering the article *North American Automatic Call Distributor Systems Markets*, it says: “Rising Demand from Small and Medium-sized Contact Centers Stimulates Growth in the North American Automatic Call Distributor Systems Market .

With the saturation of the large contact center market, vendors of call center infrastructure technologies such as automatic call distributor (ACD) systems have begun to focus on small and medium-sized contact centers. Vendors are offering a number of packaged products that are targeted at smaller contact

centers and available at affordable prices, states the analyst of this research service. As they develop effective channel strategies, penetration of this space will increase.

Meanwhile, the technological shift toward Internet Protocol (IP) infrastructures is gaining momentum and an increasing number of smaller companies are implementing IP-based ACD systems. The growing demand for all-in-one contact center suites is also expected to encourage vendors to concentrate on consolidating product set expansion and market share growth. These new opportunities in the small and medium-sized enterprise (SME) space are expected to drive steady growth in the ACD market.

Increasing Adoption of IP-based ACDs to Drive the Market The North American ACD systems market continues its positive growth trend, after having recovered well from the economic downturn. The growth in the percentage of IP-based systems sold has helped boost the average agent seat price for ACDs. For the last several years, customers were reluctant to migrate to IP due to concerns of poor quality of voice, reliability, and security as well as the high up-front costs, explains the analyst. However, vendors are now providing network readiness assessment services that ensure quality of service and reliability within converged networks and assist in the migration path. Such education and migration programs enable quicker adoption of IP.

Additionally, there has been a remarkable increase in the willingness of verticals such as healthcare and public sector/education to adopt IP-based ACDs. The market is expected to greatly benefit from the governments' move to increase their expenditures on e-government initiatives and healthcare's rapid adoption of enterprise technologies. The growing trend of bringing outsourced contact centers back to North America has also helped enhance the market for ACD systems, notes the analyst."

Source: www.researchandmarkets.com

Description of our Products

Private Secretary expects to act as a call processing system using VoIP technology. The software system enables calls to be answered automatically and even dialed automatically with features that can be preprogrammed so that each call is specifically designed to each business. Calls can be transferred, messages can be taken, or autodialing can be done for businesses that make a large number of calls. The software also allows for automated order taking, or can assist in mass call outs and marketing. Private Secretary plans to offer a software program that is adaptable to any business, regardless of size, as the majority of the features are programmed by the user for their exact needs and objectives. All messages and calling options are then custom designed for any business situation.

Private Secretary does rely on the customer having already switched to a VoIP calling system over their traditional phone line. This growing form of communication enables people to use the Internet as the transmission medium for telephone calls by sending voice data in packets using IP rather than by traditional circuit transmissions of the PSTN. Voice data is therefore compressed and transmitted over a computer network as opposed to using traditional phone lines and services.

This is a trend in society today and is growing both in popularity and acceptability at a high rate. Consumers have found that there are several benefits to using VoIP as opposed to traditional calling methods. First, it allows for a more simplified infrastructure. With VoIP on the network there is no longer the need for longer the need for separate cabling for your telephone system. Phone and Internet run on the same network. Also, there is a huge reduction in operating costs for customer who switch to VoIP. This is obviously one of the biggest advantages as companies are finding they are able to save money as well as increase their calling efficiency. Because a VoIP exchange is based on software rather than hardware, it is easier to alter and maintain. Often times the cost savings could be as high as 30 – 50% over traditional phone lines. There is also a reduction in long distance rates. Because the call is run on an internet connection, there are no “by-the-minute” charges, set up charges, or time of day restrictions. Instead, VoIP providers charge a reasonable monthly fee for you to make all the long distance calls you want through your computer. These cost reductions often equals into millions of dollars spared for large businesses and corporations.

Other advantages include an improvement in productivity. VoIP treat voice as if it were any other kind of data, so users can attach documents to voice messages or participate in virtual meetings using shared data and videoconferencing. There is also an improvement in the clarity of the phone calls. As technology is improving internet calling is now clearer than ever – often more so than traditional phone lines when calling long distances. Also, many of the features such as call waiting and caller ID that were extras with traditional phone companies come with the VoIP service at no additional cost as most of the features are standard with many of the providers. And finally, VoIP is portable. Because calls are generated from your computer through the Internet, users can make calls from virtually anywhere around the world that has high-speed Internet access.

Private Secretary intend to capitalize on this growing trend to switch from the traditional phone line to the VoIP network by offering software that will allow businesses to streamline their phone system even further. Not only will they be able to enjoy all the benefits that the VoIP system brings, they will be able to benefit from a program specifically designed to be used with this new technology.

The company will offer businesses a flexible way to use and to pay for their software. For example, if only basic functionality is required, customers will be able to download a free copy of the software from the Internet. This will allow them to begin using the basic functionality of the program at no cost to them. Once they are able to determine which additional services would best suite the needs of their company, they can purchase the package that best suits their needs – already knowing how the software runs and how it can improve their business.

Private Secretary will also be able to provide a continuous service based on the need of each individual business. If further updates are required or if expansion occurs, the software will be adaptable to accommodate the growing needs of its customers by constantly improving and updating its software. Also, as the world of VoIP technology changes and expands, Private Secretary will meet the demands of the changing industry so that its product will always provide a benefit that could not have been offered with the traditional calling methods.

Competitive Advantages

Currently there are several other companies that offer a similar service and who are capitalizing on the popularity of VoIP and its benefits. Among these include companies such as “The Phone Bot”, “Sundialer”, and “Active Call Centre”. In many cases, the competing software is very specific to one application, meaning that the software is purchased primarily to be used as an auto-dialer or as an answering service. Their software does not allow the user to modify the product based on their own specific applications and range of use.

Private Secretary is going to provide businesses with software that will be able to perform a variety of different functions. The advantage over the competition ranges from flexibility of use, to a unique set of features that most traditional services do not currently offer. From call answering to auto-dialing, customers will be able to personalize their software to match their needs and expectations, making it easier to achieve their business goals quickly and efficiently. Private Secretary will offer a highly skilled team of customer service agents available 24 hours a day to assist customers with technical issues or with questions about set up and use. The Company will also offer their product at a better rate. Users will only have to pay for the features they want to use, making the product more cost effective to a wider range of customers. Private Secretary will also constantly research and improve its software to ensure that it is always competitive within this dynamic and highly sought after industry, giving them an ongoing advantage over the next several years.

Marketing

Our initial marketing efforts may include:

- Develop a website to begin marketing the product and its features.
- Place advertisements at technical schools and through popular internet sites to begin recruitment of software writers and developers.
- Identify the major service providers of VoIP and begin promoting the product through them.
- Begin contract negotiations with resellers who would sell copies of the software through their stores.

Publishing and Distribution

With all the software options available in the market today, it is important for Private Secretary to utilize a couple of different distribution options. Most software is available through the internet and able to download at the convenience of the customer when they are ready for implementation. Our website will have a link for customers to download our software, and we will also utilize the direct internet sales through popular software download websites. Many of these software sites will also allow Private Secretary to track the popularity of the software and how often it is being download, which will assist in future product development and help in our marketing initiatives.

Even though software downloads is becoming increasingly popular through the internet, Private Secretary also feels it is important to have a presence in local electronic stores and computer outlets. This will give the traditional shopper and opportunity to purchase the software package at the same time they are purchasing other computer components. Attractive packaging and point of sale marketing will entice some customers who don't feel comfortable ordering their software online.

Intellectual Property

We intend, in due course, subject to legal advice, to apply for trademark protection and/or copyright protection in the United States and other jurisdictions.

We intend to aggressively assert our rights trademark and copyright laws to protect our intellectual property, including product technology, product research and concepts and recognized trademarks. These rights are protected through the acquisition of trademark registrations, the maintenance of copyrights, and, where appropriate, litigation against those who are, in our opinion, infringing these rights.

While there can be no assurance that registered trademarks and copyrights will protect our proprietary information, we intend to assert our intellectual property rights against any infringer. Although any assertion of our rights can result in a substantial cost to, and diversion of effort by, our Company, management believes that the protection of our intellectual property rights is a key component of our operating strategy.

Regulatory Matters

We are unaware of and do not anticipate having to expend significant resources to comply with any governmental regulations of the the Voice over Internet Protocol (VoIP) industry. We are subject to the laws and regulations of those jurisdictions in which we plan to sell our product, which are generally applicable to business operations, such as business licensing requirements, income taxes and payroll taxes. In general, the development and operation of our business is not subject to special regulatory and/or supervisory requirements.

Employees and Employment Agreements

As the date of this prospectus, Private Secretary has no permanent staff other than its sole officer and director, Mrs. Maureen F. Cotton, who is the President and Chairman of the Company. Mrs. Cotton is employed elsewhere and has the flexibility to work on Private Secretary up to 10 hours per week. She is prepared to devote more time to our operations as may be required. She is not being paid at present.

There are no employment agreements in existence. The Company presently does not have pension, health, annuity, insurance, stock options, profit sharing or similar benefit plans; however, the Company may adopt plans in the future. Management does not plan to hire additional employees at this time. Our sole officer and director will be responsible for the initial servicing. Once the Company begins developing its planned software programs and building its Internet website, it will hire independent consultants to these tasks, to keep administrative overhead to a minimum.

Environmental Laws

We have not incurred and do not anticipate incurring any expenses associated with environmental laws.

AVAILABLE INFORMATION

We have filed with the SEC a registration statement on Form S-1 under the Securities Act with respect to the common stock offered hereby. This prospectus, which constitutes part of the registration statement, does not contain all of the information set forth in the registration statement and the exhibits and schedule thereto, certain parts of which are omitted in accordance with the rules and regulations of the SEC. For further information regarding our common stock and our Company, please review the registration statement, including exhibits, schedules and reports filed as a part thereof. Statements in this prospectus as to the contents of any contract or other document filed as an exhibit to the registration

statement, set forth the material terms of such contract or other document but are not necessarily complete, and in each instance reference is made to the copy of such document filed as an exhibit to the registration statement, each such statement being qualified in all respects by such reference.

We are also subject to the informational requirements of the Exchange Act which requires us to file reports, proxy statements and other information with the SEC. Such reports, proxy statements and other information along with the registration statement, including the exhibits and schedules thereto, may be inspected at public reference facilities of the SEC at 100 F Street N.E, Washington D.C. 20549. Copies of such material can be obtained from the Public Reference Section of the SEC at prescribed rates. You may call the SEC at 1-800-SEC-0330 for further information on the operation of the public reference room. Because we file documents electronically with the SEC, you may also obtain this information by visiting the SEC's Internet website at <http://www.sec.gov>.

Reports to security holders

After we complete this offering, we will not be required to furnish you with an annual report. Further, we will not voluntarily send you an annual report. We will be required to file reports with the SEC under section 13 (a) or 15(d) of the Securities Act. The reports will be filed electronically. The reports we will be required to file are Forms 10-K, 10-Q, and 8-K. You may read copies of any materials we file with the SEC at the SEC's Public Reference Room or visiting the SEC's Internet website (see "Available Information" above).

LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

We are not currently a party to any legal proceedings.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our fiscal year end is September 30. We will provide audited financial statements to our stockholders on an annual basis; as prepared by an Independent Certified Public Accountant.

PRIVATE SECRETARY, INC.
(A Development Stage Company)

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2008

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

BALANCE SHEET

STATEMENTS OF OPERATION

STATEMENT OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MOORE & ASSOCIATES, CHARTERED

ACCOUNTANTS AND ADVISORS

PCAOB REGISTERED

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

**To the Board of Directors
Private Secretary, Inc.
(A Development Stage Company)**

We have audited the accompanying balance sheet of Private Secretary, Inc. (A Development Stage Company) as of September 30, 2008, and the related statement of operations, stockholders' equity and cash flows since inception July 22, 2008 through September 30, 2008. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conduct our audits in accordance with standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Private Secretary, Inc. (A Development Stage Company) as of September 30, 2008, and the related statement of operations, stockholders' equity and cash flows since inception July 22, 2008 through September 30, 2008, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared assuming that the Company will continue as a going concern. As discussed in Note 2 to the financial statements, the Company does not have cash nor material assets, nor does it have operations or a source of revenue sufficient to cover its operating costs, which raises substantial doubt about its ability to continue as a going concern. Management's plans concerning these matters are also described in Note 2. The financial statements do not include any adjustments that might result from the outcome of this uncertainty.

/s/ Moore & Associates, Chartered

Moore & Associates, Chartered
Las Vegas, Nevada
December 8, 2008

6490 West Desert Inn Rd, Las Vegas, NV 89146 (702) 253-7499 Fax (702) 253-7501

PRIVATE SECRETARY, INC.
(A Development Stage Company)

BALANCE SHEET

(Audited)

September 30, 2008
(Audited)

ASSETS

CURRENT ASSETS

TOTAL ASSETS	\$	-
---------------------	----	---

LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY

CURRENT LIABILITIES

TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES	\$	-
----------------------------------	----	---

STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY (DEFICIT)

Capital stock (Note 4)

Authorized

75,000,000 shares of common stock, \$0.001 par value,

Issued and outstanding

10,000,000 shares of common stock	10,000
-----------------------------------	--------

Additional Paid in Capital

Stock Subscriptions Receivable	(10,000)
--------------------------------	----------

Accumulated Deficit during development stage	-
--	---

TOTAL STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY	\$	-
-----------------------------------	----	---

TOTAL LIABILITES AND STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY	\$	-
--	----	---

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

PRIVATE SECRETARY, INC.
(A Development Stage Company)

STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS

(Audited)

	Cumulative results of operations from July 22, 2008 (date of inception) to September 30, 2008
REVENUE	\$ -
OPERATING EXPENSES	
Office and general	\$ -
NET LOSS	\$ -
Provision for income taxes	\$ -
NET LOSS, after taxes	\$ -
BASIC AND DILUTED LOSS PER COMMON SHARE	\$ 0.00
WEIGHTED AVERAGE NUMBER OF BASIC AND DILUTED COMMON SHARES OUTSTANDING	10,000,000

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

PRIVATE SECRETARY, INC.
(A Development Stage Company)

STATEMENT OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY (DEFICIT)

FROM INCEPTION (July 22, 2008) TO September 30, 2008

	Common Stock		Additional Paid-in Capital	Share Subscription Receivable	Deficit Accumulated During the Exploration Stage	Total
	Number of shares	Amount				
Common stock issued for cash at \$0.001 per share						
- July 22, 2008	10,000,000	\$ 10,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 10,000
- Share Subscription receivable	-	-	-	(10,000)	-	(10,000)
Net Loss for the period ended September 30, 2008	-	-	-	-	-	-
Balance, September 30, 2008	10,000,000	10,000	-	(10,000)	-	-

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

PRIVATE SECRETARY, INC.
(A Development Stage Company)

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
(Audited)

Jul 22, 2008 (date
of inception) to
September 30,
2008

OPERATING ACTIVITIES	
Net loss	\$ -
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES	-
INVESTING ACTIVITIES	-
FINANCING ACTIVITIES	
NET CASH PROVIDED BY FINANCING ACTIVITIES	-
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH	-
CASH, BEGINNING OF PERIOD	-
CASH, END OF PERIOD	\$ -

Supplemental cash flow information and noncash financing activities:

Cash paid for:

Interest	\$ -
Income taxes	\$ -

Non Cash:

Stock issued for subscription receivable	\$ 10,000
--	-----------

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

PRIVATE SECRETARY, INC.
(A Development Stage Company)
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2008

NOTE 1 – NATURE OF OPERATIONS AND BASIS OF PRESENTATION

PRIVATE SECRETARY, INC. ("Company") is in the initial development stage and has incurred losses since inception totaling \$-. The Company was incorporated on July 22, 2008 in the State of Nevada and established a fiscal year end of September 30. The Company is a development stage company organized to enter into the special event and concert production industry.

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of Presentation

The financial statements present the balance sheet, statements of operations, stockholders' equity (deficit) and cash flows of the Company. These financial statements are presented in United States dollars and have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States.

Use of Estimates and Assumptions

Preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Income Taxes

The Company follows the liability method of accounting for income taxes in accordance with Statements of Financial Accounting Standards ("SFAS") No.109, "Accounting for Income Taxes" and clarified by FIN 48 "Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes – an interpretation of FASB Statement No. 109." Under this method, deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized for the future tax consequences attributable to differences between the financial statement carrying amounts of existing assets and liabilities and their respective tax balances. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using enacted or substantially enacted tax rates expected to apply to the taxable income in the years in which those differences are expected to be recovered or settled. Deferred tax assets are reduced by a valuation allowance when, in the opinion of management, it is more likely than not that some portion or all of the deferred tax assets will not be realized. The effect on deferred tax assets and liabilities of a change in tax rates is recognized in income in the period that includes the date of enactment or substantive enactment.

Net Loss per Share

Basic loss per share includes no dilution and is computed by dividing loss available to common stockholders by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding for the period. Dilutive loss per share reflects the potential dilution of securities that could share in the losses of the Company. Because the Company does not have any potentially dilutive securities, the accompanying presentation is only of basic loss per share.

Foreign Currency Translation

The financial statements are presented in United States dollars. In accordance with SFAS No. 52, "Foreign Currency Translation", foreign denominated monetary assets and liabilities are translated to their United States dollar equivalents using foreign exchange rates which prevailed at the balance sheet date. Non-monetary assets and liabilities are translated at exchange rates prevailing at the transaction date. Revenue and expenses are

PRIVATE SECRETARY, INC.
(A Development Stage Company)
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2008

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

translated at average rates of exchange during the periods presented. Related translation adjustments are reported as a separate component of stockholders' equity (deficit), whereas gains or losses resulting from foreign currency transactions are included in results of operations

Stock-based Compensation

The Company has not adopted a stock option plan and has not granted any stock options. Accordingly no stock-based compensation has been recorded to date.

Cash Balances

The Company maintains its cash in institutions insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC). This government corporation insured balances up to \$100,000 through October 13, 2008. As of October 14, 2008 all non-interest bearing transaction deposit accounts at an FDIC-insured institution, including all personal and business checking deposit accounts that do not earn interest, are fully insured for the entire amount in the deposit account. This unlimited insurance coverage is temporary and will remain in effect for participating institutions until December 31, 2009.

All other deposit accounts at FDIC-insured institutions are insured up to at least \$250,000 per depositor until December 31, 2009. On January 1, 2010, FDIC deposit insurance for all deposit accounts, except for certain retirement accounts, will return to at least \$100,000 per depositor. Insurance coverage for certain retirement accounts, which include all IRA deposit accounts, will remain at \$250,000 per depositor.

Share Based Expenses

In December 2004, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued SFAS No. 123R, "Share Based Payment." This statement is a revision to SFAS 123 and supersedes Accounting Principles Board (APB) Opinion No. 25, "Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees," and amends FASB Statement No. 95, "Statement of Cash Flows." This statement requires a public entity to expense the cost of employee services received in exchange for an award of equity instruments. This statement also provides guidance on valuing and expensing these awards, as well as disclosure requirements of these equity arrangements. The Company adopted SFAS No. 123R upon creation of the company and expenses share based costs in the period incurred.

Advertising

The company expenses advertising as incurred. The company has had no advertising since inception.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In June 2008, the FASB issued FASB Staff Position EITF 03-6-1, *Determining Whether Instruments Granted in Share-Based Payment Transactions Are Participating Securities*, ("FSP EITF 03-6-1"). FSP EITF 03-6-1 addresses whether instruments granted in share-based payment transactions are participating securities prior to vesting, and therefore need to be included in the computation of earnings per share under the two-class method as described in FASB Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 128, "Earnings per Share." FSP EITF 03-6-1 is effective for financial statements issued for fiscal years beginning on or after December 15, 2008 and earlier adoption is prohibited. We are not required to adopt FSP EITF 03-6-1; neither do we believe that FSP EITF 03-6-1 would have material effect on our consolidated financial position and results of operations if adopted.

In May 2008, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued SFAS No. 163, "Accounting for Financial Guarantee Insurance Contracts-and interpretation of FASB Statement No. 60". SFAS No. 163 clarifies

PRIVATE SECRETARY, INC.
(A Development Stage Company)
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2008

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

how Statement 60 applies to financial guarantee insurance contracts, including the recognition and measurement of premium revenue and claims liabilities. This statement also requires expanded disclosures about financial guarantee insurance contracts. SFAS No. 163 is effective for fiscal years beginning on or after December 15, 2008, and interim periods within those years. SFAS No. 163 has no effect on the Company's financial position, statements of operations, or cash flows at this time.

In May 2008, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued SFAS No. 162, "The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles". SFAS No. 162 sets forth the level of authority to a given accounting pronouncement or document by category. Where there might be conflicting guidance between two categories, the more authoritative category will prevail. SFAS No. 162 will become effective 60 days after the SEC approves the PCAOB's amendments to AU Section 411 of the AICPA Professional Standards. SFAS No. 162 has no effect on the Company's financial position, statements of operations, or cash flows at this time.

In March 2008, the Financial Accounting Standards Board, or FASB, issued SFAS No. 161, Disclosures about Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities—an amendment of FASB Statement No. 133. This standard requires companies to provide enhanced disclosures about (a) how and why an entity uses derivative instruments, (b) how derivative instruments and related hedged items are accounted for under Statement 133 and its related interpretations, and (c) how derivative instruments and related hedged items affect an entity's financial position, financial performance, and cash flows. This Statement is effective for financial statements issued for fiscal years and interim periods beginning after November 15, 2008, with early application encouraged. The Company has not yet adopted the provisions of SFAS No. 161, but does not expect it to have a material impact on its consolidated financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

In December 2007, the SEC issued Staff Accounting Bulletin (SAB) No. 110 regarding the use of a "simplified" method, as discussed in SAB No. 107 (SAB 107), in developing an estimate of expected term of "plain vanilla" share options in accordance with SFAS No. 123 (R), Share-Based Payment. In particular, the staff indicated in SAB 107 that it will accept a company's election to use the simplified method, regardless of whether the company has sufficient information to make more refined estimates of expected term. At the time SAB 107 was issued, the staff believed that more detailed external information about employee exercise behavior (e.g., employee exercise patterns by industry and/or other categories of companies) would, over time, become readily available to companies. Therefore, the staff stated in SAB 107 that it would not expect a company to use the simplified method for share option grants after December 31, 2007. The staff understands that such detailed information about employee exercise behavior may not be widely available by December 31, 2007. Accordingly, the staff will continue to accept, under certain circumstances, the use of the simplified method beyond December 31, 2007. The Company currently uses the simplified method for "plain vanilla" share options and warrants, and will assess the impact of SAB 110 for fiscal year 2009. It is not believed that this will have an impact on the Company's consolidated financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

In December 2007, the FASB issued SFAS No. 160, Non-controlling Interests in Consolidated Financial Statements—an amendment of ARB No. 51. This statement amends ARB 51 to establish accounting and reporting standards for the non-controlling interest in a subsidiary and for the deconsolidation of a subsidiary. It clarifies that a non-controlling interest in a subsidiary is an ownership interest in the consolidated entity that should be reported as equity in the consolidated financial statements. Before this statement was issued, limited guidance existed for reporting non-controlling interests. As a result, considerable diversity in practice existed. So-called minority interests were reported in the consolidated statement of financial position as liabilities or in

PRIVATE SECRETARY, INC.
(A Development Stage Company)
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2008

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

the mezzanine section between liabilities and equity. This statement improves comparability by eliminating that diversity. This statement is effective for fiscal years, and interim periods within those fiscal years, beginning on or after December 15, 2008 (that is, January 1, 2009, for entities with calendar year-ends). Earlier adoption is prohibited. The effective date of this statement is the same as that of the related Statement 141 (revised 2007). The Company will adopt this Statement beginning March 1, 2009. It is not believed that this will have an impact on the Company's consolidated financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

In December 2007, the FASB, issued FAS No. 141 (revised 2007), Business Combinations'. This Statement replaces FASB Statement No. 141, Business Combinations, but retains the fundamental requirements in Statement 141. This Statement establishes principles and requirements for how the acquirer: (a) recognizes and measures in its financial statements the identifiable assets acquired, the liabilities assumed, and any non-controlling interest in the acquiree; (b) recognizes and measures the goodwill acquired in the business combination or a gain from a bargain purchase; and (c) determines what information to disclose to enable users of the financial statements to evaluate the nature and financial effects of the business combination. This statement applies prospectively to business combinations for which the acquisition date is on or after the beginning of the first annual reporting period beginning on or after December 15, 2008. An entity may not apply it before that date. The effective date of this statement is the same as that of the related FASB Statement No. 160, Non-controlling Interests in Consolidated Financial Statements. The Company will adopt this statement beginning March 1, 2009. It is not believed that this will have an impact on the Company's consolidated financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

In February 2007, the FASB, issued SFAS No. 159, The Fair Value Option for Financial Assets and Liabilities—Including an Amendment of FASB Statement No. 115. This standard permits an entity to choose to measure many financial instruments and certain other items at fair value. This option is available to all entities. Most of the provisions in FAS 159 are elective; however, an amendment to FAS 115 Accounting for Certain Investments in Debt and Equity Securities applies to all entities with available for sale or trading securities. Some requirements apply differently to entities that do not report net income. SFAS No. 159 is effective as of the beginning of an entity's first fiscal year that begins after November 15, 2007. Early adoption is permitted as of the beginning of the previous fiscal year provided that the entity makes that choice in the first 120 days of that fiscal year and also elects to apply the provisions of SFAS No. 157 Fair Value Measurements. The Company will adopt SFAS No. 159 beginning March 1, 2008 and is currently evaluating the potential impact the adoption of this pronouncement will have on its consolidated financial statements.

In September 2006, the FASB issued SFAS No. 157, Fair Value Measurements. This statement defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value in generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), and expands disclosures about fair value measurements. This statement applies under other accounting pronouncements that require or permit fair value measurements, the Board having previously concluded in those accounting pronouncements that fair value is the relevant measurement attribute. Accordingly, this statement does not require any new fair value measurements. However, for some entities, the application of this statement will change current practice. This statement is effective for financial statements issued for fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2007, and interim periods within those fiscal years. Earlier application is encouraged, provided that the reporting entity has not yet issued financial statements for that fiscal year, including financial statements for an interim period within that fiscal year. The Company will adopt this statement March 1, 2008, and it is not believed that this will have an impact on the Company's consolidated financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

PRIVATE SECRETARY, INC.
(A Development Stage Company)
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2008

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Going concern

The Company's financial statements are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles applicable to a going concern. This contemplates the realization of assets and the liquidation of liabilities in the normal course of business. Currently, the Company does not have cash nor material assets, nor does it have operations or a source of revenue sufficient to cover its operation costs giving substantial doubt for it to continue as a going concern. The Company will be dependent upon the raising of additional capital through placement of our common stock in order to implement its business plan, or merge with an operating company. There can be no assurance that the Company will be successful in either situation in order to continue as a going concern. The officers and directors have committed to advancing certain operating costs of the Company.

The ability of the Company to continue as a going concern is dependent on raising capital to fund its business plan and ultimately to attain profitable operations. Accordingly, these factors raise substantial doubt as to the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. The Company is funding its initial operations by way of issuing Founder's shares. As of September 30, 2008, the Company had issued 10,000,000 Founder's shares at \$0.001 per share for net funds to the Company of \$10,000.

NOTE 3 - FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

In accordance with the requirements of SFAS No. 107 and SFAS No. 157, the Company has determined the estimated fair value of financial instruments using available market information and appropriate valuation methodologies. The fair value of financial instruments classified as current assets or liabilities approximate their carrying value due to the short-term maturity of the instruments.

NOTE 4 – CAPITAL STOCK

The Company's capitalization is 75,000,000 common shares with a par value of \$0.001 per share. No preferred shares have been authorized or issued.

As of September 30, 2008, the Company has not granted any stock options and has not recorded any stock-based compensation.

On July 22, 2008, a director of the Company purchased 10,000,000 shares of the common stock in the Company at \$0.001 per share for \$10,000.

PRIVATE SECRETARY, INC.
(A Development Stage Company)
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2008

NOTE 7 – INCOME TAXES

We did not provide any current or deferred U.S. federal income tax provision or benefit for any of the periods presented because we have experienced operating losses since inception. Per Statement of Accounting Standard No. 109 – Accounting for Income Tax and FASB Interpretation No. 48 - Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes an interpretation of FASB Statement No.109, when it is more likely than not that a tax asset cannot be realized through future income the Company must allow for this future tax benefit. We provided a full valuation allowance on the net deferred tax asset, consisting of net operating loss carryforwards, because management has determined that it is more likely than not that we will not earn income sufficient to realize the deferred tax assets during the carryforward period.

Net deferred tax asset	\$	0	\$	0
		<hr/> <hr/>		

The net federal operating loss carry forward will expire between 2027 and 2028. This carry forward may be limited upon the consummation of a business combination under IRC Section 381.

MANAGEMENT’S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

This section of the Registration Statement includes a number of forward-looking statements that reflect our current views with respect to future events and financial performance. Forward-looking statements are often identified by words like believe, expect, estimate, anticipate, intend, project and similar expressions, or words which, by their nature, refer to future events. You should not place undue certainty on these forward-looking statements. These forward-looking statements are subject to certain risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from our predictions.

Plan of Operation

Over the 12 month period starting upon the termination of this offering, the Company must raise capital and start the design and production of its software. Within 90 days, the Company will begin its recruit of software writers and developers. Primarily Private Secretary will explore technical schools and colleges for young, eager students who are interested in putting their newly learned skills to work. The Company will also advertise through the Internet and popular software sites as part of the recruitment process.

The Company will also begin development of the website. This will become an extremely important tool both for the marketing and eventual distribution of the software. Initially, the website will be set up to begin promoting the software and outlining its benefits and the benefits of using VoIP over conventional phone lines.

Within 180 days after the termination of the offering through this S-1, the Company will begin to prepare all legal contracts for execution between the software writers and the Company. Lawyers will be hired to work out the contractual details, primarily to help determine how the software developers will be compensated for their services. The contracted will also be drafted to protect both the software writers and Private Secretary from any competition and privacy violations. It will be essential that the software developer is aware that their work is ultimately the property of Private Secretary and may not be reproduced for any other Company. Once an agreement is signed, the first step for the developers will be to begin writing the software and produce a useable version that can be demonstrated on the Company’s website and also used in test applications with various companies.

270 days from the termination of the offering through this S-1, the Company will partner with computer sellers and software distribution companies to begin selling hard copies of the product. This will require that the Company also begins contract negotiations with a printing house to print the point of sale product. Investigation into online software download sites will also be done as well as changing the website to allow for direct online purchase of the software. The lawyer’s services will be required yet again to ensure that all agreements set up between Private Secretary and the various distribution and printing houses meet expectations of all parties involved.

Once the software is written, printing of the hard copies is underway, and the important legal obligations have been met, Private Secretary will put extra focus into marketing and advertising of the new software. A year after the termination of the offering through this S-1, the Company will begin heavily promoting the product. It is important to showcase the software to the computer world, and to be present at all major trade shows in North America that promote internet solutions, such as VoIP, and the benefits it has to enhancing workplace efficiency. The product will also be heavily market tested through existing companies. The feedback from this testing will provide useful information for product upgrades and developments, and testimonials will also be placed on the Company’s website as well as on software download websites where the product is available for purchase.

Finally, once the product is in its final stages of development, the website will be further enhanced as a marketing tool and will provide additional advertising. The website address will also be printed on all hard copies of the software, so it can be used as an outlet for feedback from businesses. This information will be collected and used in the further development of any additional software and upgrades.

If we are unable to complete any phase of our systems development or marketing efforts because we don't have enough money, we will cease our development and or marketing operations until we raise money. Attempting to raise capital after failing in any phase of our workbook development plan would be difficult. As such, if we cannot secure additional proceeds we will have to cease operations and investors would lose their entire investment.

Results of Operations

For the period from inception through September 30, 2008, we had no revenue, no expenses and no Net loss.

Capital Resources and Liquidity

As of September 30, 2008 we had no cash.

Our auditors have issued a "going concern" opinion, meaning that there is substantial doubt if we can continue as an on-going business for the next twelve months unless we obtain additional capital. No substantial revenues are anticipated until we have completed the financing from this offering and implemented our plan of operations. Our only source for cash at this time is investments by others in this offering. We must raise cash to implement our strategy and stay in business. The amount of the offering will likely allow us to operate for at least one year.

Management believes that if subsequent private placements are successful, we will generate sales revenue within the following twelve months thereof. However, additional equity financing may not be available to us on acceptable terms or at all, and thus we could fail to satisfy our future cash requirements.

We are highly dependent upon the success of the anticipated private placement offering described herein. Therefore, the failure thereof would result in need to seek capital from other resources such as debt financing, which may not even be available to the Company. However, if such financing were available, because we are a development stage Company with no operations to date, it would likely have to pay additional costs associated with high risk loans and be subject to an above market interest rate. At such time these funds are required, management would evaluate the terms of such debt financing. If the Company cannot raise additional proceeds via a private placement of its common stock or secure debt financing, it would be required to cease business operations. As a result, investors would lose all of their investment.

We do not anticipate researching any further products or services nor the purchase or sale of any significant equipment. We also do not expect any significant additions to the number of employees.

As of the date of this registration statement, the current funds available to the Company will not be sufficient to continue maintaining a reporting status. The Company's sole officer and director, Mrs. Maureen F. Cotton has indicated that she may be willing to provide funds required to maintain the reporting status in the form of a non-secured loan for the next twelve months as the expenses are incurred if no other proceeds are obtained by the Company. However, there is no contract in place or written agreement securing this agreement. Management believes if the Company cannot maintain its reporting status with the SEC it will have to cease all efforts directed towards the Company. As such, any investment previously made would be lost in its entirety.

Off-balance sheet arrangements

The Company has no off-balance sheet arrangements that have or are reasonably likely to have a current or future effect or change on the Company's financial condition, revenues or expenses, results of operations, liquidity, capital expenditures or capital resources that are material to investors. The term "off-balance sheet arrangement" generally means any transaction, agreement or other contractual arrangement to which an entity unconsolidated with the Company is a party, under which the Company has (i) any obligation arising under a guarantee contract, derivative instrument or variable interest; or (ii) a retained or contingent interest in assets transferred to such entity or similar arrangement that serves as credit, liquidity or market risk support for such assets.

CHANGES IN AND DISAGREEMENTS WITH ACCOUNTANTS ON ACCOUNTING AND FINANCIAL DISCLOSURE

There have been no changes in or disagreements with accountants regarding our accounting, financial disclosures or any other matter.

DIRECTORS AND EXECUTIVE OFFICERS

Identification of directors and executive officers

Our sole director serves until her successor is elected and qualified. Our sole officer is elected by the Board of Directors to a term of one (1) year and serves until her successor is duly elected and qualified, or until she is removed from office. The Board of Directors has no nominating or compensation committees. The Company's current Audit Committee consists of our sole officer and director.

The name, address, age and position of our present sole officer and director is set forth below:

Name	Age	Position(s)
Maureen F.Cotton	66	President, Secretary/ Treasurer, Chief Financial Officer and Chairman of the Board of Directors.

The person named above has held her offices/positions since inception of our Company and is expected to hold her offices/positions at least until the next annual meeting of our stockholders.

Business Experience

Maureen Frances Cotton was born in Toronto, Ontario on April 25th, 1942. Her childhood was spent in Milton, Ontario, raised on a dairy farm, in 1952 until her family moves to Etobicoke, Ontario, now part of the greater Toronto area.

Graduated of Royal York Collegiate in 1959 with a commercial diploma. During 1959 to 1962, she worked in Toronto at Phoenix of Hartford Insurance Co. as a secretary and switchboard operator/receptionist.

Her career choice changed in 1962 when she became a full time stay at homemother, to three son's born in 1962, 1964, and 1968. While away from the outside work employment, she cared and nurtured her own family as well as caring for friends children, she worked part-time at a nursery school from 1971-1975.

In the period of 1976 to 1993, she decided to go back into payed employment, in 1976 at the Mississauga Assoc. for the Mentally Retarded, where she was employed as an Executive Assistant to the Director of Preschool Services serving mentally challenged children 2yrs.-5yrs. In 1993 she chose to join her husband in early retirement, and they moved up north to fulfill our dream of living in the country, close to Georgian Bay at their cottage.

Conflicts of Interest

At the present time, the Company does not foresee any direct conflict between Mrs. Cotton other business interests and her involvement in Private Secretary.

EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION

Private Secretary has made no provisions for paying cash or non-cash compensation to its sole officer and director. No salaries are being paid at the present time, and none will be paid unless and until our operations generate sufficient cash flows.

The table below summarizes all compensation awarded to, earned by, or paid to our named executive officer for all services rendered in all capacities to us for the period from inception (July 22nd, 2008) through September 30, 2008.

SUMMARY COMPENSATION TABLE

Name and principal position	Year	Salary		Stock	Option	Non-Equity	Nonqualified	All Other	Total
		(\$)	(\$)	Awards	Awards	Incentive	Plan	Deferred	
						Compensation	Compensation	Compensation	
						(\$)	Earnings (\$)	(\$)	(\$)
Maureen F.Cotton President	2008	0	0		0	0	0	0	0

We did not pay any salaries in 2008. We do not anticipate beginning to pay salaries until we have adequate funds to do so. There are no other stock option plans, retirement, pension, or profit sharing plans for the benefit of our officers and director other than as described herein.

Outstanding Equity Awards at Fiscal Year-End

The table below summarizes all unexercised options, stock that has not vested, and equity incentive plan awards for each named executive officer as of September 30, 2008.

OUTSTANDING EQUITY AWARDS AT FISCAL YEAR-END

OPTION AWARDS

STOCK AWARDS

Name	Number of Securities Underlying Unexercised Options (#) Exercisable	Number of Securities Underlying Unexercised Options (#) Unexercisable	Equity Incentive Plan Awards: Number of Securities Underlying Unexercised Options (#)	Option Exercise Price (\$)	Option Expiration Date	Number of Shares or Units of Stock That Have Not Vested (#)	Market Value of Shares or Units of Stock That Have Not Vested (\$)	Equity Incentive Plan Awards: Number of Unearned Shares, Units or Rights That Have Not Vested (#)	Equity Incentive Plan Awards: Market or Payout Value of Unearned Shares, Units or Rights That Have Not Vested (#)
Maureen F.Cotton	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

There were no grants of stock options since inception to the date of this Prospectus.

We do not have any long-term incentive plans that provide compensation intended to serve as incentive for performance.

The Board of Directors of Private Secretary has not adopted a stock option plan. The Company has no plans to adopt it but may choose to do so in the future. If such a plan is adopted, this may be administered by the board or a committee appointed by the board (the "Committee"). The committee would have the power to modify, extend or renew outstanding options and to authorize the grant of new options in substitution therefore, provided that any such action may not impair any rights under any option previously granted. Private Secretary may develop an incentive based stock option plan for its officers and directors and may reserve up to 10% of its outstanding shares of common stock for that purpose.

Stock Awards Plan

The Company has not adopted a Stock Awards Plan, but may do so in the future. The terms of any such plan have not been determined.

Director Compensation

The table below summarizes all compensation awarded to, earned by, or paid to our directors for all services rendered in all capacities to us for the period from inception (July 22nd, 2008) through September 30, 2008.

DIRECTOR COMPENSATION

Name	Fees Earned or Paid in Cash (\$)	Stock Awards (\$)	Option Awards (\$)	Non-Equity Incentive Plan Compensation (\$)	Non-Qualified Deferred Compensation Earnings (\$)	All Other Compensation (\$)	Total (\$)
Maureen F.Cotton	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

At this time, Private Secretary has not entered into any employment agreements with its sole officer and director. If there is sufficient cash flow available from our future operations, the Company may enter into employment agreements with our sole officer and director or future key staff members.

SECURITY OWNERSHIP OF CERTAIN BENEFICIAL OWNERS AND MANAGEMENT

The following table sets forth, as of the date of this prospectus, the total number of shares owned beneficially by our sole officer and director, and key employees, individually and as a group, and the present owners of 5% or more of our total outstanding shares. The table also reflects what this ownership will be assuming completion of the sale of all or partial shares in this offering. The stockholder listed below has direct ownership of her shares and possesses sole voting and dispositive power with respect to the shares.

Title of Class	Name and Address of Beneficial Owner [1]	Amount and Nature of Beneficial Ownership	Percent of Class	Percentage of Ownership Assuming all of the Shares are Sold	Percentage of Ownership Assuming 75% of the Shares are Sold	Percentage of Ownership Assuming 50% of the Shares are Sold	Percentage of Ownership Assuming 25% of the Shares are Sold
-------------------	---	--	---------------------	--	---	---	---

Common Stock	Maureen F. Cotton, P.O. Box 293 33 Card Avenue, Penkingsfield, Ontario, Canada, L0L 2J0	10,000,000	100%	71.4%	78.6%	85.7%	92.9%
	All Officers and Directors as a Group (1 person)	10,000,000	100%	71.4%	78.6%	85.7%	92.9%

[1] The person named above may be deemed to be a “parent” and “promoter” of our Company, within the meaning of such terms under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, by virtue of her direct and indirect stock holdings. Mrs. Cotton is the only “promoter” of our Company.

Our sole officer and director will continue to own the majority of our common stock after the offering, regardless of the number of shares sold. Since she will continue control the Company after the offering, investors will be unable to change the course of the operations. Thus, the shares we are offering lack the value normally attributable to voting rights. This could result in a reduction in value of the shares you own because of their ineffective voting power. None of our common stock is subject to outstanding options, warrants, or securities convertible into common stock.

CERTAIN RELATIONSHIPS AND RELATED TRANSACTIONS

On August 13th, 2008, we issued a total of 10,000,000 shares of common stock to Mrs. Cotton, our sole officer and director, for total cash consideration of \$10,000. This was accounted for as a purchase of common stock, all of which are restricted securities, as defined in Rule 144 of the Rules and Regulations of the SEC promulgated under the Securities Act. Under Rule 144, the shares can be publicly sold, subject to volume restrictions and restrictions on the manner of sale, commencing one year after their acquisition. Under Rule 144, a shareholder can sell up to 1% of total outstanding shares every three months in brokers’ transactions. Shares purchased in this offering, which will be immediately resalable, and sales of all of our other shares after applicable restrictions expire, could have a depressive effect on the market price, if any, of our common stock and the shares we are offering.

**DISCLOSURE OF COMMISSION POSITION ON INDEMNIFICATION FOR SECURITIES ACT
LIABILITIES**

Our director and officer is indemnified as provided by the Nevada Statutes and our Bylaws. We have agreed to indemnify each of our directors and certain officers against certain liabilities, including liabilities under the Securities Act of 1933. Insofar as indemnification for liabilities arising under the Securities Act of 1933 may be permitted to our directors, officers and controlling persons pursuant to the provisions described above, or otherwise, we have been advised that in the opinion of the Securities and Exchange Commission such indemnification is against public policy as expressed in the Securities Act of 1933 and is, therefore, unenforceable. In the event that a claim for indemnification against such liabilities (other than our payment of expenses incurred or paid by our director, officer or controlling person in the successful defense of any action, suit or proceeding) is asserted by such director, officer or controlling person in connection with the securities being registered, we will, unless in the opinion of our counsel the matter has been settled by controlling precedent, submit to a court of appropriate jurisdiction the question whether such indemnification by it is against public policy as expressed in the Securities Act and will be governed by the final adjudication of such issue.

We have been advised that in the opinion of the Securities and Exchange Commission indemnification for liabilities arising under the Securities Act is against public policy as expressed in the Securities Act, and is, therefore, unenforceable. In the event that a claim for indemnification against such liabilities is asserted by one of our directors, officers, or controlling persons in connection with the securities being registered, we will, unless in the opinion of our legal counsel the matter has been settled by controlling precedent, submit the question of whether such indemnification is against public policy to a court of appropriate jurisdiction. We will then be governed by the court's decision.

Part II - INFORMATION NOT REQUIRED IN THE PROSPECTUS

OTHER EXPENSES OF ISSUANCE AND DISTRIBUTION

Independently of whether or not all shares are sold, the estimated expenses of the offering, all of which are to be paid by the Company, are as follows:

Legal and Accounting	\$	5,500
SEC Filing Fee	\$	3
Printing	\$	300
Transfer Agent	\$	1,200
TOTAL	\$	7,000

All amounts are estimates other than the Commission's registration fee. We are paying all expenses of the offering listed above.

INDEMNIFICATION OF DIRECTORS AND OFFICERS

See "Disclosure of Commission Position of Indemnification for Securities" above.

RECENT SALES OF UNREGISTERED SECURITIES

Private Secretary is authorized to issue up to 75,000,000 shares of common stock with a par value of \$0.001. The Company is not listed for trading on any securities exchange in the United States and there has been no active market in the United States or elsewhere for the common shares.

During the current year, the Company has sold the following securities which were not registered under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended:

August 13th, 2008

We have issued 10,000,000 common shares to our sole officer and director for total consideration of \$10,000, or \$0.001 per share.

We have spent a portion of the above proceeds to pay for costs associated with this prospectus and expect the balance of the proceeds to be mainly applied to further costs of this prospectus and administrative costs.

We shall report the use of proceeds on our first periodic report filed pursuant to sections 13(a) and 15(d) of the Exchange Act after the effective date of this Registration Statement and thereafter on each of our subsequent periodic reports through the later of disclosure of the application of all the offering proceeds, or disclosure of the termination of this offering.

EXHIBITS AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT SCHEDULES

Exhibit No. Document Description

3(i)	Articles of Incorporation
3(ii)	By-laws
5	Opinion re legality
23	Consent of experts and counsel

Description of Exhibits

Exhibit 3(i)

Articles of Incorporation of Private Secretary, Inc., dated July 22nd, 2008.

Exhibit 3(ii)

Bylaws of Private Secretary, Inc. approved and adopted on July 22nd, 2008.

Exhibit 5

Opinion of Law Offices of Thomas E. Puzzo, PLLC, 4216 NE 70TH Street, Seattle, Washington 98115, dated December 17, 2008, regarding the legality of the securities being registered.

Exhibit 23

Consent of Moore & Associates, Chartered, 6490 West Desert Inn Road, Las Vegas, NV 89146, dated December 19, 2008, regarding the use in this Registration Statement of their report of the auditors and financial statements of Private Secretary, Inc. for the period ending September 30, 2008.

UNDERTAKINGS

The undersigned registrant hereby undertakes:

1. To file, during any period in which offers or sales are being made, a post-effective amendment to this registration statement:
 - (i) To include any prospectus required by Section 10(a)(3) of the Securities Act of 1933;
 - (ii) To reflect in the prospectus any facts or events arising after the effective date of the registration statement (or the most recent post-effective amendment thereof) which, individually or in the aggregate, represent a fundamental change in the information set forth in the registration statement. Notwithstanding the foregoing, any increase or decrease in volume of securities offered (if the total dollar value of securities offered would not exceed that which was registered) and any deviation from the low or high end of the estimated maximum offering range may be reflected in the form of prospectus filed with the Commission pursuant to Rule 424(b) if, in the aggregate, the changes in volume and price represent no more than a 20% change in the maximum aggregate offering price set forth in the "Calculation of Registration Fee" table in the effective registration statement; and
 - (iii) To include any material information with respect to the plan of distribution not previously disclosed in the registration statement or any change to such information in the registration statement.

2. That, for the purpose of determining any liability under the Securities Act of 1933, each such post-effective amendment shall be deemed to be a new registration statement relating to the securities offered therein, and the offering of such securities at that time shall be deemed to be the initial bona fide offering thereof.
3. To remove from registration by means of a post-effective amendment any of the securities being registered which remain unsold at the termination of the offering.
4. For the purpose of determining liability of the registrant under the Securities Act of 1933 to any purchaser in the initial distribution of the securities: the undersigned registrant undertakes that in a primary offering of the securities of the undersigned registrant pursuant to this registration statement, regardless of the underwriting method used to sell the securities to the purchaser, if the securities are offered or sold to such purchaser by means of any of the following communications, the undersigned registrant will be a seller to the purchaser and will be considered to offer or sell such securities to such purchaser:
 - (i) Any preliminary prospectus or prospectus of the undersigned registrant relating to the offering required to be filed pursuant to Rule 424;
 - (ii) Any free writing prospectus relating to the offering prepared by or on behalf of the undersigned registrant or used or referred to by the undersigned registrant;
 - (iii) The portion of any other free writing prospectus relating to the offering containing material information about the undersigned registrant or its securities provided by or on behalf of the undersigned registrant; and
 - (iv) Any other communication that is an offer in the offering made by the undersigned registrant to the purchaser.

5. Insofar as indemnification for liabilities arising under the Securities Act of 1933 may be permitted to directors, officers, and controlling persons of the registrant pursuant to the foregoing provisions, or otherwise, the registrant has been advised that in the opinion of the Securities and Exchange Commission such indemnification is against public policy as expressed in the Act and is, therefore, unenforceable. In the event that a claim for indemnification against such liabilities (other than the payment by the registrant of expenses incurred or paid by a director, officer or controlling person of the registrant in the successful defense of any action, suit or proceeding) is asserted by such director, officer or controlling person in connection with the securities being registered, the registrant will, unless in the opinion of its counsel the matter has been settled by controlling precedent, submit to a court of appropriate jurisdiction the question whether such indemnification by itself is against public policy as expressed in the Act and will be governed by the final adjudication of such issue.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, the registrant has duly caused this registration statement to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized in the City of Penkingsfield, Province of Ontario, Canada, on this 22nd day of December, 2008.

PRIVATE SECRETARY, INC.

/s/ Maureen F. Cotton

Maureen F. Cotton
President and Director
Principal Executive Officer
Principal Financial Officer
Principal Accounting Officer

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Act of 1933, this registration statement has been signed by the following persons in the capacities and on the dates indicated:

/s/ Maureen F. Cotton

Maureen F. Cotton
President and Director
Principal Executive Officer
Principal Financial Officer
Principal Accounting Officer

December 22, 2008

ROSS MILLER
 Secretary of State
 206 North Carson Street
 Carson City, Nevada 89701-4299
 (775) 684 5708
 Website: www.nvsos.gov

Filed in the office of /s/ Ross Miller Ross Miller Secretary of State State of Nevada	Document Number 20080490063-02
	Date and Time 07/22/2008 7:53 AM
	Entity Number E0473022008-5

ARTICLES OF INCORPORATION
 (PURSUANT TO NRS 78)

1. Name of Corporation: PRIVATE SECRETARY, INC.
2. Resident Agent
 Name and Street STATE AGENT AND TRANSFER SYNDICATE, INC.
 Address: 112 NORTH CURRY STREET
 CARSON CITY, NEVADA 89703
3. Shares: Number of shares with par value: 75,000,000
 Par value: \$.001
 Number of shares without par value:
4. Names &
 Addresses Maureen Cotton
 Of Board of 112 NORTH CURRY STREET
 Directors/Trustees: CARSON CITY, NV 89703
5. Purpose: The purpose of the Corporation shall be:
6. Names, Addresses
 and Signature of Jennifer Graehl for Agent and Transfer Syndicate, Inc.
 Incorporator. 112 North Curry Street /s/ J. Graehl
 Carson City NV 89703
7. Certificate of
 Acceptance of I hereby accept appointment as Resident Agent for the above
 Appointment of named corporation. 07/22/2008
 Resident Agent: /s/ J. Graehl Date
 Authorized Signature of R.A. or On Behalf of R.A. Company

NUMBER OF PAGES ATTACHED 1

Addendum to the
ARTICLES OF INCORPORATION
OF
PRIVATE SECRETARY, INC.

PARAGRAPH THREE
SHARES

The amount of the total authorized capital of this corporation is \$75,000 as 75,000,000 shares each with a par value of one mill (\$.001). Such shares are non-assessable.

In any election participated in by the shareholders, each shareholder shall have one vote for each share of stock he owns, either in person or by proxy as proved by law. Cumulative voting shall not prevail in any election by the shareholders of this corporation.

PARAGRAPH EIGHT
ELIMINATING PERSONAL LIABILITY

Officers and directors shall have no personal liability to the corporation of its stock holders for damages for breach of fiduciary duty as an officer or director. This provision does not eliminate or limit the liability of an officer or director for acts or omissions which involve intentional misconduct, fraud or a knowing violation of law or the payment of distributions in violation of the NRS 78.300.

PARAGRAPH NINE
AMENDMENT OF ARTICLES OF INCORPORATION

The articles of incorporation of the corporation may be amended from time to time by a majority vote of all shareholders voting by written ballot in person or by proxy held at any general or special meeting of shareholders upon lawful notice.

BYLAWS
OF
PRIVATE SECRETARY, INC.

A Nevada Corporation

ARTICLE I

SHAREHOLDERS

1. Annual Meeting

A meeting of the shareholders shall be held annually for the elections of directors and the transaction of other business on such date in each year as may be determined by the Board of Directors, but in no event later than 100 days after the anniversary of the date of incorporation of the Corporation.

2. Special Meetings

Special meetings of the shareholders may be called by the Board of Directors, Chairman of the Board or President and shall be called by the Board upon written request of the holders of record of a majority of the outstanding shares of the Corporation entitled to vote at the meeting requested to be called. Such request shall state the purpose or purposes of the proposed meeting. At such special meetings the only business which may be transacted is that relating to the purpose or purposes set forth in the notice thereof.

3. Place of Meetings

Meetings of the shareholders shall be held at such place within or outside of the State of Nevada as may be fixed by the Board of Directors. If no place is fixed, such meetings shall be held at the principal office of the Corporation.

4. Notice of Meetings

Notice of each meeting of the shareholders shall be given in writing and shall state the place, date and hour of the meeting and the purpose or purposes for which the meeting is called. Notice of a special meeting shall indicate that it is being issued by or at the direction of the person or persons calling or requesting the meeting.

If, at any meeting, action is proposed to be taken which, if taken, would entitle objecting shareholders to receive payment for their shares, the notice shall include a statement of that purpose and to that effect.

A copy of the notice of each meeting shall be given, personally or by first class mail, not less than ten nor more than sixty days before the date of the meeting, to each shareholder entitled to vote at such meeting. If

mailed, such notice shall be deemed to have been given when deposited in the United States mail, with postage thereon paid, directed to the shareholder at his address as it appears on the record of the shareholders, or, if he shall have filed with the Secretary of the Corporation a written request that notices to him or her be mailed to some other address, then directed to him at such other address.

When a meeting is adjourned to another time or place, it shall not be necessary to give any notice of the adjourned meeting if the time and place to which the meeting is adjourned are announced at the meeting at which the adjournment is taken. At the adjourned meeting any business may be transacted that might have been transacted on the original date of the meeting. However, if after the adjournment the Board of Directors fixes a new record date for the adjourned meeting, a notice of the adjourned meeting shall be given to each shareholder of record on the new record date entitled to notice under this Section 4.

5. Waiver of Notice

Notice of a meeting need not be given to any shareholder who submits a signed waiver of notice, in person or by proxy, whether before or after the meeting. The attendance of any shareholder at a meeting, in person or by proxy, without protesting prior to the conclusion of the meeting the lack of notice of such meeting, shall constitute a waiver of notice by him or her.

6. Inspectors of Election

The Board of Directors, in advance of any shareholders' meeting, may appoint one or more inspectors to act at the meeting or any adjournment thereof. If inspectors are not so appointed, the person presiding at a shareholders' meeting may, and on the request of any shareholder entitled to vote thereat shall, appoint two inspectors. In case any person appointed fails to appear or act, the vacancy may be filled by appointment in advance of the meeting by the Board or at the meeting by the person presiding thereat. Each inspector, before entering upon the discharge of his duties, shall take and sign an oath faithfully to execute the duties of such inspector at such meeting with strict impartiality and according to the best of his ability.

The inspectors shall determine the number of shares outstanding and the voting power of each, the shares represented at the meeting, the existence of a quorum, and the validity and effect of proxies, and shall receive votes, ballots or consents, hear and determine all challenges and questions arising in connection with the right to vote at the meeting, count and tabulate all votes, ballots or consents, determine the result thereof, and do such acts as are proper to conduct the election or vote with fairness to all shareholders. On request of the person presiding at the meeting, or of any shareholder entitled to vote thereat, the inspectors shall make a report in writing of any challenge; question or matter determined by them and shall execute a certificate of any fact found by them. Any report or certificate made by them shall be prima facie evidence of the facts stated and of any vote certified by them.

7. List of Shareholders at Meetings

A list of the shareholders as of the record date, certified by the Secretary or any Assistant Secretary or by a transfer agent, shall be produced at any meeting of the shareholders upon the request thereat or prior thereto of any shareholder. If the right to vote at any meeting is challenged, the inspectors of election, or the person presiding thereat, shall require such list of the shareholders to be produced as evidence of the right of the persons challenged to vote at such meeting, and all persons who appear from such list to be shareholders entitled to vote thereat may vote at such meeting.

8. Qualification of Voters

Unless otherwise provided in the Certificate of Incorporation, every shareholder of record shall be entitled at every meeting of the shareholders to one vote for every share standing in its name on the record of the shareholders.

Treasury shares as of the record date and shares held as of the record date by another domestic or foreign corporation of any kind, if a majority of the shares entitled to vote in the election of directors of such other corporation is held as of the record date by the Corporation, shall not be shares entitled to vote or to be counted in determining the total number of outstanding shares.

Shares held by an administrator, executor, guardian, conservator, committee or other fiduciary, other than a trustee, may be voted by such fiduciary, either in person or by proxy, without the transfer of such shares into the name of such fiduciary. Shares held by a trustee may be voted by him or her, either in person or by proxy, only after the shares have been transferred into his name as trustee or into the name of his nominee.

Shares standing in the name of another domestic or foreign corporation of any type or kind may be voted by such officer, agent or proxy as the bylaws of such corporation may provide, or, in the absence of such provision, as the board of directors of such corporation may determine.

No shareholder shall sell his vote, or issue a proxy to vote, to any person for any sum of money or anything of value except as permitted by law.

9. Quorum of Shareholders

The holders of a majority of the shares of the Corporation issued and outstanding and entitled to vote at any meeting of the shareholders shall constitute a quorum at such meeting for the transaction of any business, provided that when a specified item of business is required to be voted on by a class or series, voting as a class, the holders of a majority of the shares of such class or series shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of such specified item of business.

When a quorum is once present to organize a meeting, it is not broken by the subsequent withdrawal of any shareholders.

The shareholders who are present in person or by proxy and who are entitled to vote may, by a majority of votes cast, adjourn the meeting despite the absence of a quorum.

10. Proxies

Every shareholder entitled to vote at a meeting of the shareholders, or to express consent or dissent without a meeting may authorize another person or persons to act for him by proxy.

Every proxy must be signed by the shareholder or its attorney. No proxy shall be valid after the expiration of eleven months from the date thereof unless otherwise provided in the proxy. Every proxy shall be revocable at the pleasure of the shareholder executing it, except as otherwise provided by law.

The authority of the holder of a proxy to act shall not be revoked by the incompetence or death of the shareholder who executed the proxy, unless before the authority is exercised written notice of adjudication of such incompetence or of such death is received by the Secretary or any Assistant Secretary.

11. Vote or Consent of Shareholders

Directors, except as otherwise required by law, shall be elected by a plurality of the votes cast at a meeting of shareholders by the holders of shares entitled to vote in the election.

Whenever any corporate action, other than the election of directors, is to be taken by vote of the shareholders, it shall, except as otherwise required by law, be authorized by a majority of the votes cast at a meeting of shareholders by the holders of shares entitled to vote thereon.

Whenever shareholders are required or permitted to take any action by vote, such action may be taken without a meeting on written consent, setting forth the action so taken, signed by the holders of all outstanding shares entitled to vote thereon. Written consent thus given by the holders of all outstanding shares entitled to vote shall have the same effect as a unanimous vote of shareholders.

12. Fixing the Record Date

For the purpose of determining the shareholders entitled to notice of or to vote at any meeting of shareholders or any adjournment thereof, or to express consent to or dissent from any proposal without a meeting, or for the purpose of determining shareholders entitled to receive payment of any dividend or the allotment of any rights, or for the purpose of any other action, the Board of Directors may fix, in advance, a date as the record date for any such determination of shareholders. Such date shall not be less than ten or more than sixty days before the date of such meeting, nor more than sixty days prior to any other action.

When a determination of shareholders of record entitled to notice of or to vote at any meeting of shareholders has been made as provided in this Section, such determination shall apply to any adjournment thereof, unless the Board of Directors fixes a new record date for the adjourned meeting.

ARTICLE II

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

1. Power of Board and Qualifications of Directors

The business of the Corporation shall be managed by the Board of Directors. Each director shall be at least eighteen years of age.

2. Number of Directors

The number of directors constituting the entire Board of Directors shall be the number, not less than one nor more than ten, fixed from time to time by a majority of the total number of directors which the Corporation would have, prior to any increase or decrease, if there were no vacancies, provided, however, that no decrease shall shorten the term of an incumbent director. Unless otherwise fixed by the directors, the number of directors constituting the entire Board shall be four.

3. Election and Term of Directors

At each annual meeting of shareholders, directors shall be elected to hold office until the next annual meeting and until their successors have been elected and qualified or until their death, resignation or removal in the manner hereinafter provided.

4. Quorum of Directors and Action by the Board

A majority of the entire Board of Directors shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business, and, except where otherwise provided herein, the vote of a majority of the directors present at a meeting at the time of such vote, if a quorum is then present, shall be the act of the Board.

Any action required or permitted to be taken by the Board of Directors or any committee thereof may be taken without a meeting if all members of the Board or the committee consent in writing to the adoption of a resolution authorizing the action. The resolution and the written consent thereto by the members of the Board or committee shall be filed with the minutes of the proceedings of the Board or committee.

5. Meetings of the Board

An annual meeting of the Board of Directors shall be held in each year directly after the annual meeting of shareholders. Regular meetings of the Board shall be held at such times as may be fixed by the Board. Special meetings of the Board may be held at any time upon the call of the President or any two directors.

Meetings of the Board of Directors shall be held at such places as may be fixed by the Board for annual and regular meetings and in the notice of meeting for special meetings. If no place is fixed, meetings of the Board shall be held at the principal office of the Corporation. Any one or more members of the Board of Directors may participate in meetings by means of conference telephone or similar communications equipment.

No notice need be given of annual or regular meetings of the Board of Directors. Notice of each special meeting of the Board shall be given to each director either by mail not later than noon, Nevada time, on the third day prior to the meeting or by telegram, written message or orally not later than noon, Nevada time, on the day prior to the meeting. Notices are deemed to have been properly given if given: by mail, when deposited in the United States mail; by telegram at the time of filing; or by messenger at the time of delivery. Notices by mail, telegram or messenger shall be sent to each director at the address designated by him for that purpose, or, if none has been so designated, at his last known residence or business address.

Notice of a meeting of the Board of Directors need not be given to any director who submits a signed waiver of notice whether before or after the meeting, or who attends the meeting without protesting, prior thereto or at its commencement, the lack of notice to any director.

A notice, or waiver of notice, need not specify the purpose of any meeting of the Board of Directors.

A majority of the directors present, whether or not a quorum is present, may adjourn any meeting to another time and place. Notice of any adjournment of a meeting to another time or place shall be given, in the manner described above, to the directors who were not present at the time of the adjournment and, unless such time and place are announced at the meeting, to the other directors.

6. Resignations

Any director of the Corporation may resign at any time by giving written notice to the Board of Directors or to the President or to the Secretary of the Corporation. Such resignation shall take effect at the time specified therein; and unless otherwise specified therein the acceptance of such resignation shall not be necessary to make it effective.

7. Removal of Directors

Any one or more of the directors may be removed for cause by action of the Board of Directors. Any or all of the directors may be removed with or without cause by vote of the shareholders.

8. Newly Created Directorships and Vacancies

Newly created directorships resulting from an increase in the number of directors and vacancies occurring in the Board of Directors for any reason except the removal of directors by shareholders may be filled by vote of a majority of the directors then in office, although less than a quorum exists. Vacancies occurring as a result of the removal of directors by shareholders shall be filled by the shareholder. A director elected to fill a vacancy shall be elected to hold office for the unexpired term of his predecessor.

9. Executive and Other Committees of Directors

The Board of Directors, by resolution adopted by a majority of the entire Board, may designate from among its members an executive committee and other committees each consisting of three or more directors and each of which, to the extent provided in the resolution, shall have all the authority of the Board, except that no such committee shall have authority as to the following matters: (a) the submission to shareholders of any action that needs shareholders' approval; (b) the filling of vacancies in the Board or in any committee; (c) the fixing of compensation of the directors for serving on the Board or on any committee; (d) the amendment or repeal of the bylaws, or the adoption of new bylaws; (e) the amendment or repeal of any resolution of the Board which, by its term, shall not be so amendable or can not be repealed; or (f) the removal or indemnification of directors.

The Board of Directors may designate one or more directors as alternate members of any such committee, who may replace any absent member or members at any meeting of such committee.

Unless a greater proportion is required by the resolution designating a committee, a majority of the entire authorized number of members of such committee shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business, and the vote of a majority of the members present at a meeting at the time of such vote, if a quorum is then present, shall be the act of such committee.

Each such committee shall serve at the pleasure of the Board of Directors.

10. Compensation of Directors

The Board of Directors shall have authority to fix the compensation of directors for services in any capacity.

11. Interest of Directors in a Transaction

Unless shown to be unfair and unreasonable as to the Corporation, no contract or other transaction between the Corporation and one or more of its directors, or between the Corporation and any other corporation, firm, association or other entity in which one or more of the directors are directors or officers, or are financially interested, shall be either void or voidable, irrespective of whether such interested director or directors are present at a meeting of the Board of Directors, or of a committee thereof, which authorizes such contract or transaction and irrespective of whether his or their votes are counted for such purpose. In the absence of fraud any such contract and transaction conclusively may be authorized or approved as fair and reasonable by: (a) the Board of Directors or a duly empowered committee thereof, by a vote sufficient for such purpose without counting the vote or votes of such interested director or directors (although such interested director or directors may be counted in determining the presence of a quorum at the meeting which authorizes such contract or transaction), if the fact of such common directorship, officership or financial interest is disclosed or known to the Board or committee, as the case may be; or (b) the shareholders entitled to vote for the election of directors, if such common directorship, officership or financial interest is disclosed or known to such shareholders.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, no loan, except advances in connection with indemnification, shall be made by the Corporation to any director unless it is authorized by vote of the shareholders without counting any shares of the director who would be the borrower or unless the director who would be the borrower is the sole shareholder of the Corporation.

ARTICLE III

OFFICERS

1. Election of Officers

The Board of Directors, as soon as may be practicable after the annual election of directors, shall elect a President, a Secretary, and a Treasurer, and from time to time may elect or appoint such other officers as it may determine. Any two or more offices may be held by the same person. The Board of Directors may also elect one or more Vice Presidents, Assistant Secretaries and Assistant Treasurers.

2. Other Officers

The Board of Directors may appoint such other officers and agents as it shall deem necessary that shall hold their offices for such terms and shall exercise such powers and perform such duties as shall be determined from time to time by the Board.

3. Compensation

The salaries of all officers and agents of the Corporations shall be fixed by the Board of Directors.

4. Term of Office and Removal

Each officer shall hold office for the term for which he is elected or appointed and until his successor has been elected or appointed and qualified. Unless otherwise provided in the resolution of the Board of Directors electing or appointing an officer, his term of office shall extend to and expire at the meeting of the Board following the next annual meeting of shareholders. Any officer may be removed by the Board with or without cause, at any time. Removal of an officer without cause shall be without prejudice to his contract rights, if any, and the election or appointment of an officer shall not of itself create contract rights.

5. President

The President shall be the chief executive officer of the Corporation, shall have general and active management of the business of the Corporation and shall see that all orders and resolutions of the Board of Directors are carried into effect. The President shall also preside at all meeting of the shareholders and the Board of Directors.

The President shall execute bonds, mortgages and other contracts requiring a seal, under the seal of the Corporation, except where required or permitted by law to be otherwise signed and executed and except where the signing and execution thereof shall be expressly delegated by the Board of Directors to some other officer or agent of the Corporation.

6. Vice Presidents

The Vice Presidents, in the order designated by the Board of Directors, or in absence of any designation, then in the order of their election, during the absence or disability of or refusal to act by the President, shall perform the duties and exercise the powers of the President and shall perform such other duties as the Board of Directors shall prescribe.

7. Secretary and Assistant Secretaries

The Secretary shall attend all meetings of the Board of Directors and all meetings of the shareholders and record all the proceedings of the meetings of the Corporation and of the Board of Directors in a book to be kept for that purpose, and shall perform like duties for the standing committees when required. The Secretary shall give or cause to be given, notice of all meetings of the shareholders and special meetings of the Board of Directors, and shall perform such other duties as may be described by the Board of Directors or President, under whose supervision the Secretary shall be. The Secretary shall have custody of the corporate seal of the Corporation and the Secretary, or an Assistant Secretary shall have authority to affix the same to any instrument requiring it and when so affixed, it may be attested by the Secretary's signature or by signature of such Assistant Secretary. The Board of Directors may give general authority to any other officer to affix the seal of the Corporation and to attest the affixing by his signature.

The Assistant Secretary, or if there be more than one, the Assistant Secretaries in the order designated by the Board of Directors, or in the absence of such designation then in the order of their election, in the absence of the Secretary or in the event of the Secretary's inability or refusal to act, shall perform the duties and exercise the powers of the Secretary and shall perform such other duties and have such other powers as the Board of Directors may from time to time prescribe.

8. Treasurer and Assistant Treasurers

The Treasurer shall have the custody of the corporate funds and securities; shall keep full and accurate accounts of receipts and disbursements in books belonging to the Corporation; and shall deposit all moneys and other valuable effects in the name and to the credit of the Corporation in such depositories as may be designated by the Board of Directors.

The Treasurer shall disburse the funds as may be ordered by the Board of Directors, taking proper vouchers for such disbursements, and shall render to the President and the Board of Directors, at its regular meetings, or when the Board of Directors so requires, an account of all his transactions as Treasurer and of the financial condition of the Corporation.

If required by the Board of Directors, the Treasurer shall give the Corporation a bond in such sum and with such surety or sureties as shall be satisfactory to the Board of Directors for the faithful performance of the duties of the office of Treasurer, and for the restoration to the Corporation, in the case of the Treasurer's death, resignation, retirement or removal from office, of all books, papers, vouchers, money and other property of whatever kind in the possession or under the control of the Treasurer belonging to the Corporation.

The Assistant Treasurer, or if there shall be more than one, the Assistant Treasurers in the order designated by the Board of Directors, or in the absence of such designation, then in the order of their election, in the absence of the Treasurer or in the event the Treasurer's inability or refusal to act, shall perform the duties and exercise the powers of the Treasurer and shall perform such other duties and have such other powers as the Board of Directors may from time to time prescribe.

9. Books and Records

The Corporation shall keep: (a) correct and complete books and records of account; (b) minutes of the proceedings of the shareholders, Board of Directors and any committees of directors; and (c) a current list of the directors and officers and their residence addresses. The Corporation shall also keep at its office in the State of Nevada or at the office of its transfer agent or registrar in the State of Nevada, if any, a record containing the names and addresses of all shareholders, the number and class of shares held by each and the dates when they respectively became the owners of record thereof.

The Board of Directors may determine whether and to what extent and at what times and places and under what conditions and regulations any accounts, books, records or other documents of the Corporation shall be open to inspection, and no creditor, security holder or other person shall have any right to inspect any accounts, books, records or other documents of the Corporation except as conferred by statute or as so authorized by the Board.

10. Checks, Notes, etc.

All checks and drafts on, and withdrawals from the Corporation's accounts with banks or other financial institutions, and all bills of exchange, notes and other instruments for the payment of money, drawn, made, endorsed, or accepted by the Corporation, shall be signed on its behalf by the person or persons thereunto authorized by, or pursuant to resolution of, the Board of Directors.

ARTICLE IV

CERTIFICATES AND TRANSFER OF SHARES

1. Forms of Share Certificates

The share of the Corporation shall be represented by certificates, in such forms as the Board of Directors may prescribe, signed by the President or a Vice President and the Secretary or an Assistant Secretary or the Treasurer or an Assistant Treasurer. The shares may be sealed with the seal of the Corporation or a facsimile thereof. The signatures of the officers upon a certificate may be facsimiles if the certificate is countersigned by a transfer agent or registered by a registrar other than the Corporation or its employee. In case any officer who has signed or whose facsimile signature has been placed upon a certificate shall have ceased to be such officer before such certificate is issued, it may be issued by the Corporation with the same effect as if he were such officer at the date of issue.

Each certificate representing shares issued by the Corporation shall set forth upon the face or back of the certificate, or shall state that the Corporation will furnish to any shareholder upon request and without charge, a full statement of the designation, relative rights, preferences and limitations of the shares of each class of shares, if more than one, authorized to be issued and the designation, relative rights, preferences and limitations of each series of any class of preferred shares authorized to be issued so far as the same have been fixed, and the authority of the Board of Directors to designate and fix the relative rights, preferences and limitations of other series.

Each certificate representing shares shall state upon the face thereof: (a) that the Corporation is formed under the laws of the State of Nevada; (b) the name of the person or persons to whom issued; and (c) the number and class of shares, and the designation of the series, if any, which certificate represents.

2. Transfers of Shares

No share or other security may be sold, transferred or otherwise disposed of without the consent of the directors or until the Company is a reporting issuer, as defined under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. The directors are not required to give any reason for refusing to consent to any such sale, transfer or other disposition.

Shares of the Corporation shall be transferable on the record of shareholders upon presentment to the Corporation of a transfer agent of a certificate or certificates representing the shares requested to be transferred, with proper endorsement on the certificate or on a separate accompanying document, together with such evidence of the payment of transfer taxes and compliance with other provisions of law as the Corporation or its transfer agent may require.

3. Lost, Stolen or Destroyed Share Certificates

No certificate for shares of the Corporation shall be issued in place of any certificate alleged to have been lost, destroyed or wrongfully taken, except, if and to the extent required by the Board of Directors upon: (a) production of evidence of loss, destruction or wrongful taking; (b) delivery of a bond indemnifying the Corporation and its agents against any claim that may be made against it or them on account of the alleged loss, destruction or wrongful taking of the replaced certificate or the issuance of the new certificate; (c) payment of the expenses of the Corporation and its agents incurred in connection with the issuance of the new certificate; and (d) compliance with other such reasonable requirements as may be imposed.

ARTICLE V

OTHER MATTERS

1. Corporate Seal

The Board of Directors may adopt a corporate seal, alter such seal at pleasure, and authorize it to be used by causing it or a facsimile to be affixed or impressed or reproduced in any other manner.

2. Fiscal Year

The fiscal year of the Corporation shall be the twelve months ending September 30th, or such other period as may be fixed by the Board of Directors.

3. Amendments

Bylaws of the Corporation may be adopted, amended or repealed by vote of the holders of the shares at the time entitled to vote in the election of any directors. Bylaws may also be adopted, amended or repealed by the Board of Directors, but any bylaws adopted by the Board may be amended or repealed by the shareholders entitled to vote thereon as herein above provided.

If any bylaw regulating an impending election of directors is adopted, amended or repealed by the Board of Directors, there shall be set forth in the notice of the next meeting of shareholders for the election of directors the bylaw so adopted, amended or repealed, together with a concise statement of the changes made.

APPROVED AND ADOPTED this July 22, 2008.

/s/ Maureen F. Cotton
Maureen Frances Cotton
President

Law Offices of Thomas E. Puzzo, PLLC
4216 NE 70th St.
Seattle, Washington 98115
Tel: (206) 522-2256 / Fax: (206) 260-0111

December 17, 2008

VIA ELECTRONIC TRANSMISSION

Securities and Exchange Commission
100 F Street, N.E.
Washington, DC 20549

**Re: Private Secretary, Inc., a Nevada corporation;
Registration Statement on Form S-1**

Ladies and Gentlemen:

We refer to the above-captioned registration statement on Form S-1 (the "Registration Statement") under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Act"), filed by Private Secretary, Inc., a Nevada corporation (the "Company"), with the Securities and Exchange Commission on or about the date of this letter.

We have examined the originals, photocopies, certified copies or other evidence of such records of the Company, certificates of officers of the Company and public officials, and other documents we have deemed relevant and necessary as a basis for the opinion hereinafter expressed. In such examination, we have assumed the genuineness of all signatures, the authenticity of all documents submitted to us as certified copies or photocopies and the authenticity of the originals of such latter documents.

Based on our examination mentioned above, we are of the opinion that the securities being sold pursuant to the Registration Statement are duly authorized and will be, when issued in the manner described in the Registration Statement, legally and validly issued, fully paid and non-assessable.

We hereby consent to the filing of this opinion as Exhibit 5.1 to the Registration Statement and to the reference to our firm in the related Prospectus. In giving the foregoing consent, we do not admit that we are in the category of persons whose consent is required under Section 7 of the Act, or the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission.

Very truly yours,

/s/ Thomas E. Puzzo

Thomas E. Puzzo

MOORE & ASSOCIATES, CHARTERED
ACCOUNTANTS AND ADVISORS
PCAOB REGISTERED

CONSENT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

We consent to the use, in the registration statement on Form S-1, of Private Secretary, Inc., of our report dated December 8, 2008 on our audit of the financial statements of Private Secretary, Inc as of September 30, 2008, and the related statements of operations, stockholders' equity and cash flows since inception July 22, 2008 through September 30, 2008, and the reference to us under the caption "Experts."

/s/ Moore & Associates, Chartered

Moore & Associates Chartered
Las Vegas, Nevada
December 19, 2008

6490 West Desert Inn Rd. Las Vegas, NV 89146 (702)253-7499 Fax (702)253-7501